

Applications

As per specific need and requirement you can install any Debian supported open-source platform. i.e. webmin for web-UI based device and system management, node-red for block programming and openPLC etc.

Node-RED

Node-RED is a digital flowchart tool for connecting different online services and devices. It helps you easily create automation and data-handling processes without needing to write a lot of code, you can use the web interface to design even very complex flows for automation control.

Prerequisites

You need to install the required packages.

- curl
- bash

You can find the instructions [here](#).

- Install Node-RED using root user.
 - If Node-RED is installed under normal user, replace normal user in Node-RED service with root user.
-

Installation of Node-RED

First, update the repositories.

```
sudo apt-get update
```

Enter below command to start node-red installation process:

```
bash <(curl -sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/node-red/linux-installers/master/deb/update-nodejs-and-nodered)
```

If any error encounters During the installation process, i.e. *"user is not in sudoer group"*, either give sudo privileges' to normal user or you can try to run whole process as root, *but that can be done only on specific requirements*.

it will ask for various questions while installation startup, all of them are answered with a **"Y"**, But

enter "N" when it asks for 'Raspberry Pi spec node'.

```
This can take 20-30 minutes on the slower Pi versions - please wait.
```

```
█ Stop Node-RED  
  Remove old version of Node-RED  
  Remove old version of Node.js  
  Install Node.js  
  Clean npm cache  
  Install Node-RED core  
  Move global nodes to local  
  Npm rebuild existing nodes  
  Install extra Pi nodes  
  Add shortcut commands  
  Update systemd script
```

```
Any errors will be logged to /var/log/nodered-install.log
```

Wait for above process to be finished!

```
Any errors will be logged to /var/log/nodered-install.log
All done.
You can now start Node-RED with the command node-red-start
or using the icon under Menu / Programming / Node-RED
Then point your browser to localhost:1880 or http://{your_pi_ip-address}:1880

Started : Fri Feb 23 12:26:00 UTC 2024
Finished: Fri Feb 23 12:33:50 UTC 2024

*****
### WARNING ###
DO NOT EXPOSE NODE-RED TO THE OPEN INTERNET WITHOUT SECURING IT FIRST

Even if your Node-RED doesn't have anything valuable, (automated) attacks will
happen and could provide a foothold in your local network

Follow the guide at https://nodered.org/docs/user-guide/runtime/securing-node-red
to setup security.

### ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS ###
- You can customise the initial settings by running:

    node-red admin init

- After running Node-RED for the first time, change the ownership of the settings
file to 'root' to prevent unauthorised changes:

    sudo chown root:root ~/.node-red/settings.js

- Do not run Node-RED as root or an administrative account

*****
```

As shown below go through warnings and exec "**sudo chown root:root ~/.node-red/settings.js**" as suggested.

At the end, the installer will ask if we want to secure the instance. Hence it is necessary secure it, enter the username and password for the Node-RED panel as per convenience. (Ref image below)

```
Node-RED Settings File initialisation
=====
This tool will help you create a Node-RED settings file.

> Settings file · /root/.node-red/settings.js

User Security
=====
> Do you want to setup user security? · Yes
> Username · atreyo
> Password · *****
> User permissions · full access
> Add another user? · No

Projects
=====
The Projects feature allows you to version control your flow using a local git repository.

> Do you want to enable the Projects feature? · No

Flow File settings
=====
> Enter a name for your flows file · flows.json
> Provide a passphrase to encrypt your credentials file ·

Editor settings
=====
> Select a theme for the editor. To use any theme other than "default", you will need to install @node-red-contrib-themes/theme-collection in your Node-RED user directory.
default
> Select the text editor component to use in the Node-RED Editor · monaco (default)

Node settings
=====
> Allow Function nodes to load external modules? (functionExternalModules) · Yes

Settings file written to /root/.node-red/settings.js
root@atreyo:/home/atreyo#
```

For sake of avoiding any hurdles go with basic/default settings, But must apply password.

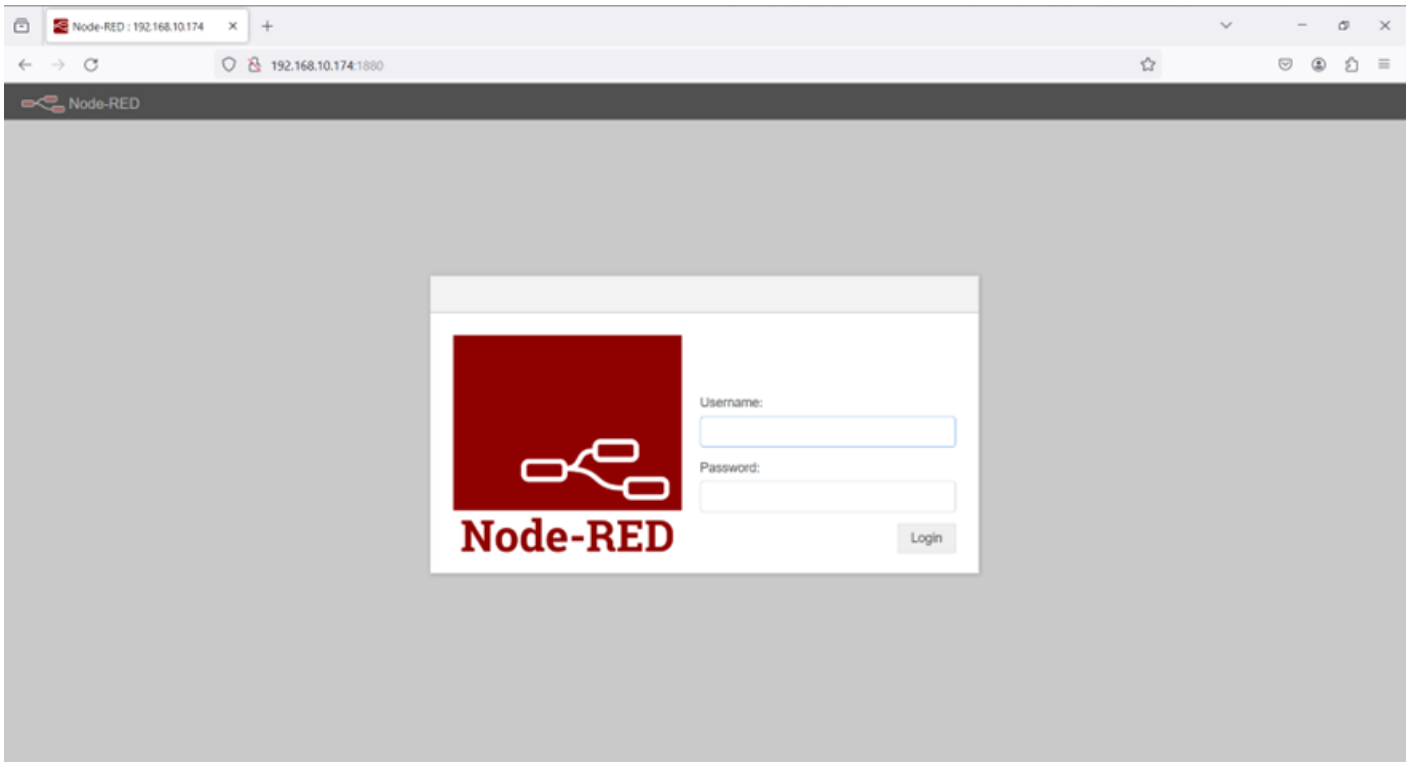
Remember to make your password long and complicated enough. The security of your gateway depends on it.

After installation, you need to execute below command:

```
sudo node-red-pi --max-old-space-size=256
```

Node-RED will start and will be available on port "localhost:1880".

Open in any browser of host system connected to same IP range or in same networking area.



It will prompt for "username/password", feed with the same credentials configured back while installation process.

Node-RED AutoStart

In the last step node-red was started after manual command executed in CLI,
In order to automatically start node-red on gateway startup, it needs to be entered into the startup system. To do so, execute below commands:

```
sudo npm install pm2@latest -g
```

If ask to " run `npm fund` for details", do the same and process for next command:

```
sudo pm2 start /usr/bin/node-red --node-args="--max-old-space-size=256" -- -v
```

You will get below output after command executed, check for user in table, if not "root", need to change user to "root" from normal user.

Reboot the device, for cross checking and verifying proper installation.
once rebooted, check below command:

```
ps -aux | grep pm2
```

```
root      1582  11.3  8.4 159252 41720 ?        Ssl  13:12   0:09 PM2 v5.3.1: God Daemon (/root/.pm2)
atreyo    1957   0.0  0.1  2204    536 pts/0    S+   13:14   0:00 grep pm2
```

Check either it's daemon running over root or not, if not you might have misguided somewhere and make mistake while installation, please refer again and install.

Open "**localhost:1880**" and start node-red.

Webmin

The [Webmin](#) administration panel, which allows you to administer the server via the web interface, can be installed on the Gateway. The Webmin panel has many functions related to web hosting and one of them is updating your Linux packages. To install Webmin you need to connect a keyboard, mouse and monitor via USB HUB and it is necessary to have access to the Internet.

Prerequisites

You need to install the required packages.

- curl
- bash

You can find the instructions [here](#).

Webmin installation

Start the gateway and launch the terminal. Enter the commands below.

```
curl -o setup-repos.sh https://raw.githubusercontent.com/webmin/webmin/master/setup-repos.sh
sh setup-repos.sh
```

```
atreyo@AG-1621-Debian:~$ curl -o setup-repos.sh https://raw.githubusercontent.com/webmin/webmin/master/setup-repos.sh
% Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
           Dload  Upload  Total   Spent    Left   Speed
100  5268  100  5268    0     0  10249      0  --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 10249
```

Above script will automatically setup repository and install needed keys on system, also it will provide **webmin** package for installation.

execute below command for installation, If confirmation is required during installation, enter '**y**'.

Then type the below commands:

```
apt-get install webmin --install-recommends
```

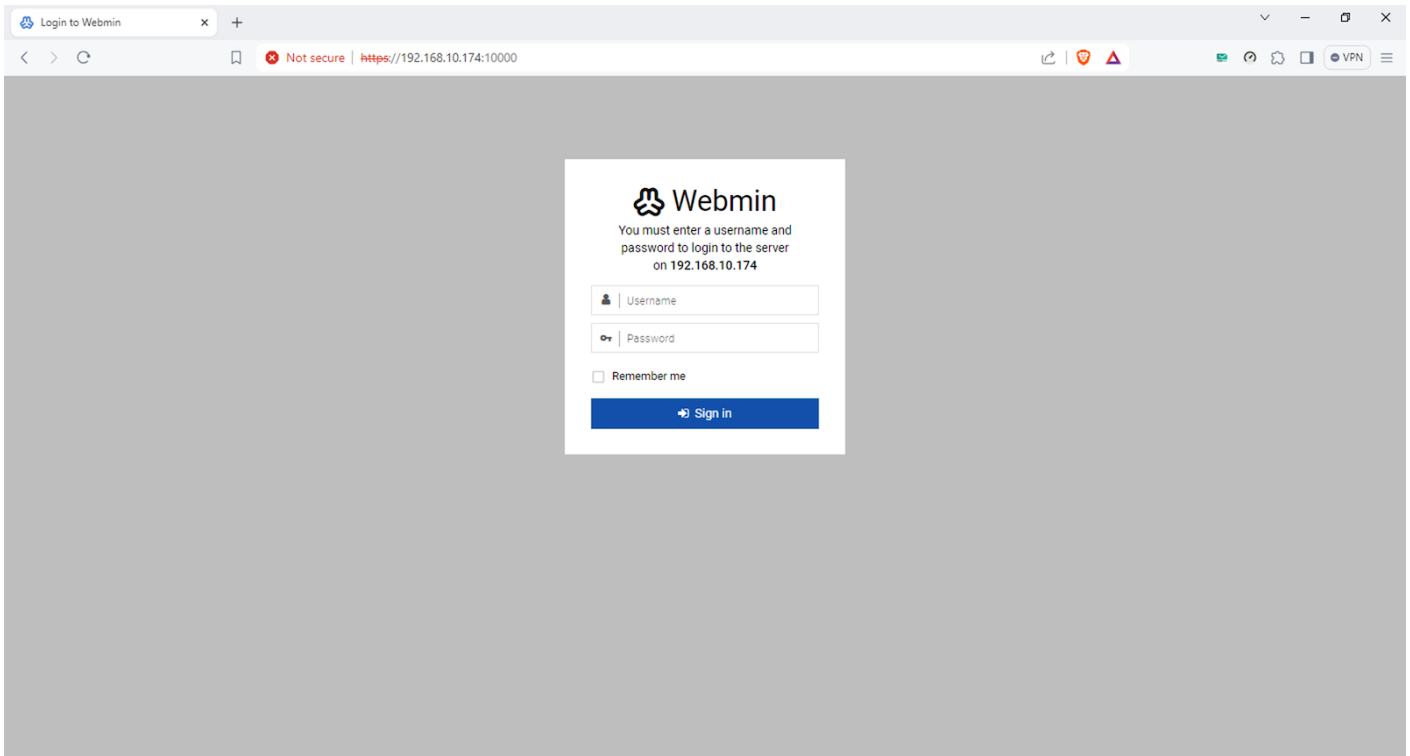
The entire Webmin system should install without errors.

Once installation is successful you can access webmin on port 10000 over localhost IP, in any browser.

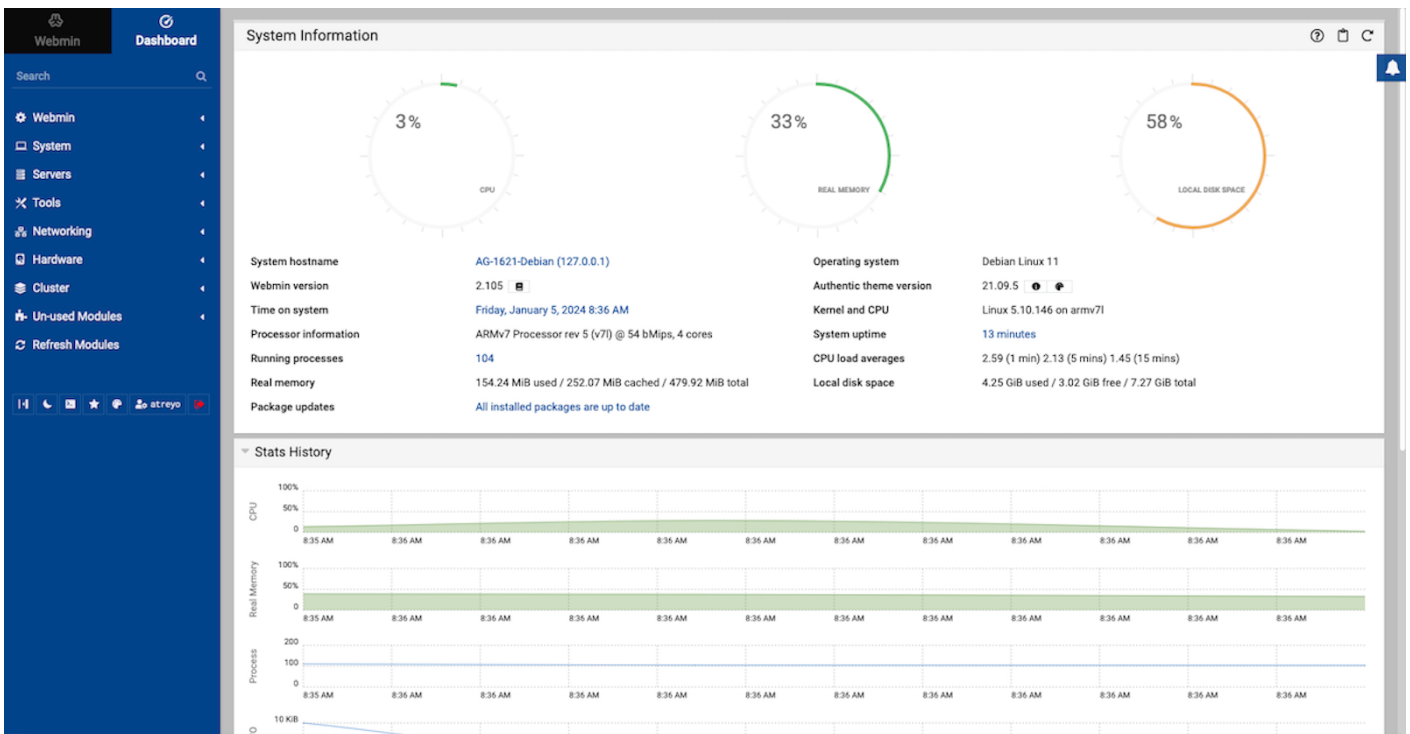
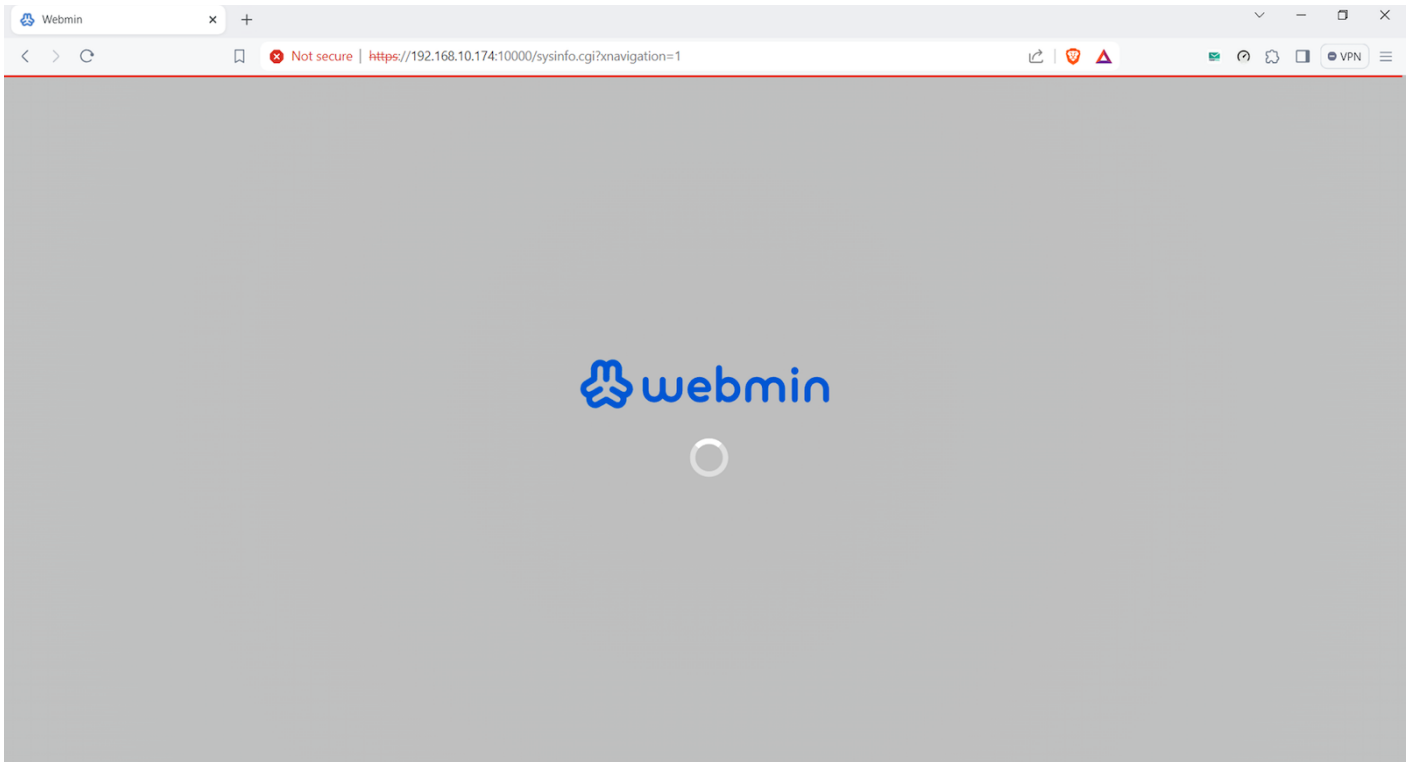
i.e. : <http://localhost:10000> or <http://192.168.10.174:10000>

if any privacy error appears continue with Proceed to <localhost_IP> (unsafe)

The login panel will open and pop-up for credential will appear. you need to provide system's credentials here. i.e. user/pass : atreyo/12345



Once you sign in with password, below interface will open and it's a dashboard of webmin.



With Webmin we can update system packages, restart the gateway, change user and network settings and much more. For more about the Webmin panel visit [Webmin Docs](#)

OpenPLC

OpenPLC is an open-source [Programmable Logic Controller](#) that is based on an easy to use software. It is the first fully functional standardized open source PLC, both in software and in hardware. The OpenPLC project was created in accordance with the IEC 61131-3 standard, which

defines the basic software architecture and programming languages for PLCs.

OpenPLC is mainly used on industrial and home automation, internet of things and SCADA research.

Installation of OpenPLC

To install OpenPLC on AG-1621 log in via SSH or if you are using the Webmin panel go to **Tools > terminal** and type the following commands. Remember that the whole installation and compilation of the program may take up to an hour of your time.

```
sudo apt-get install git
```

Once installed, type the following command:

```
git clone https://github.com/thiagoralves/OpenPLC_v3.git
cd OpenPLC_v3
./install.sh rpi
```

The whole installation process will take some time. When it finishes it will display "Compilation finished successfully!" in the terminal. After rebooting the system, OpenPLC will start automatically.

To use in-development capabilities, checkout the development branch (git checkout development) prior to running install.sh.

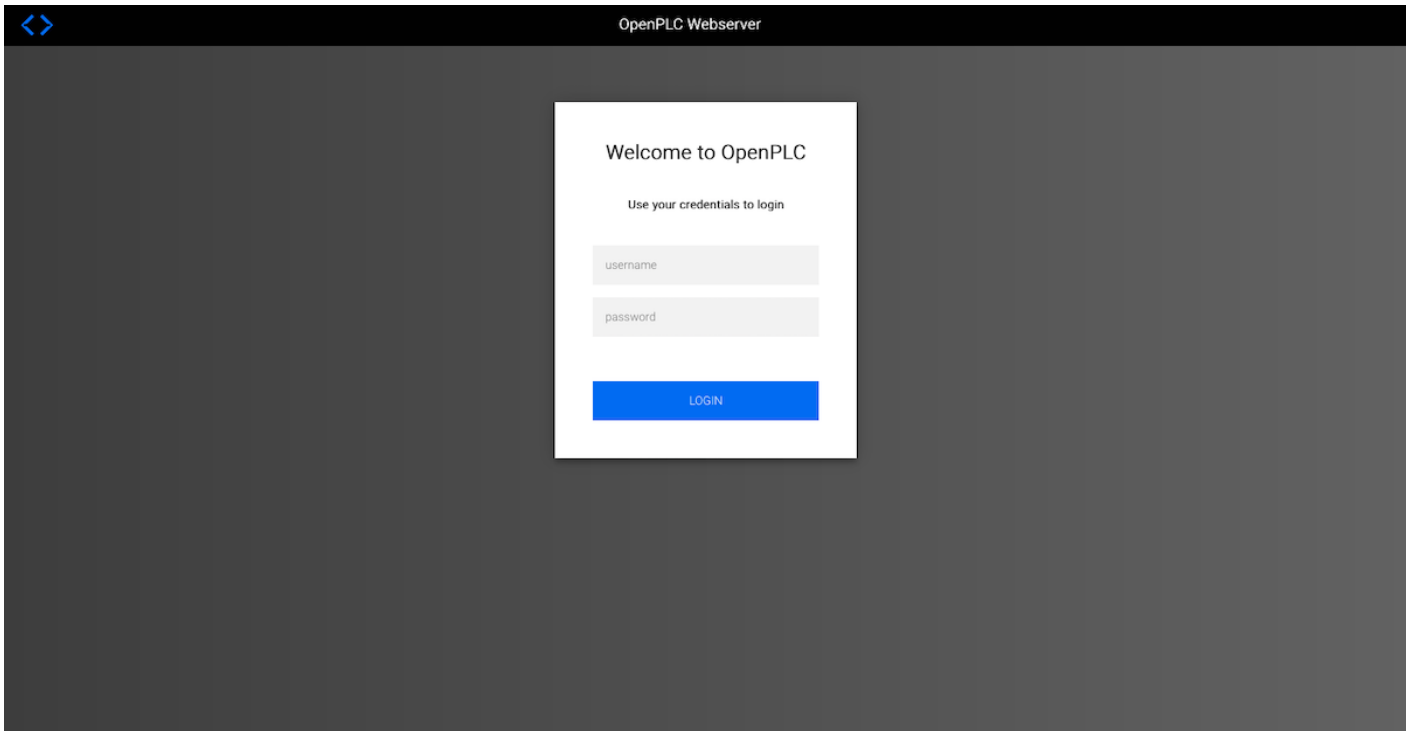
Starting OpenPLC

After restarting, enter the gateway IP and port 8080 in the browser address window. For example, **192.168.10.60:8080**

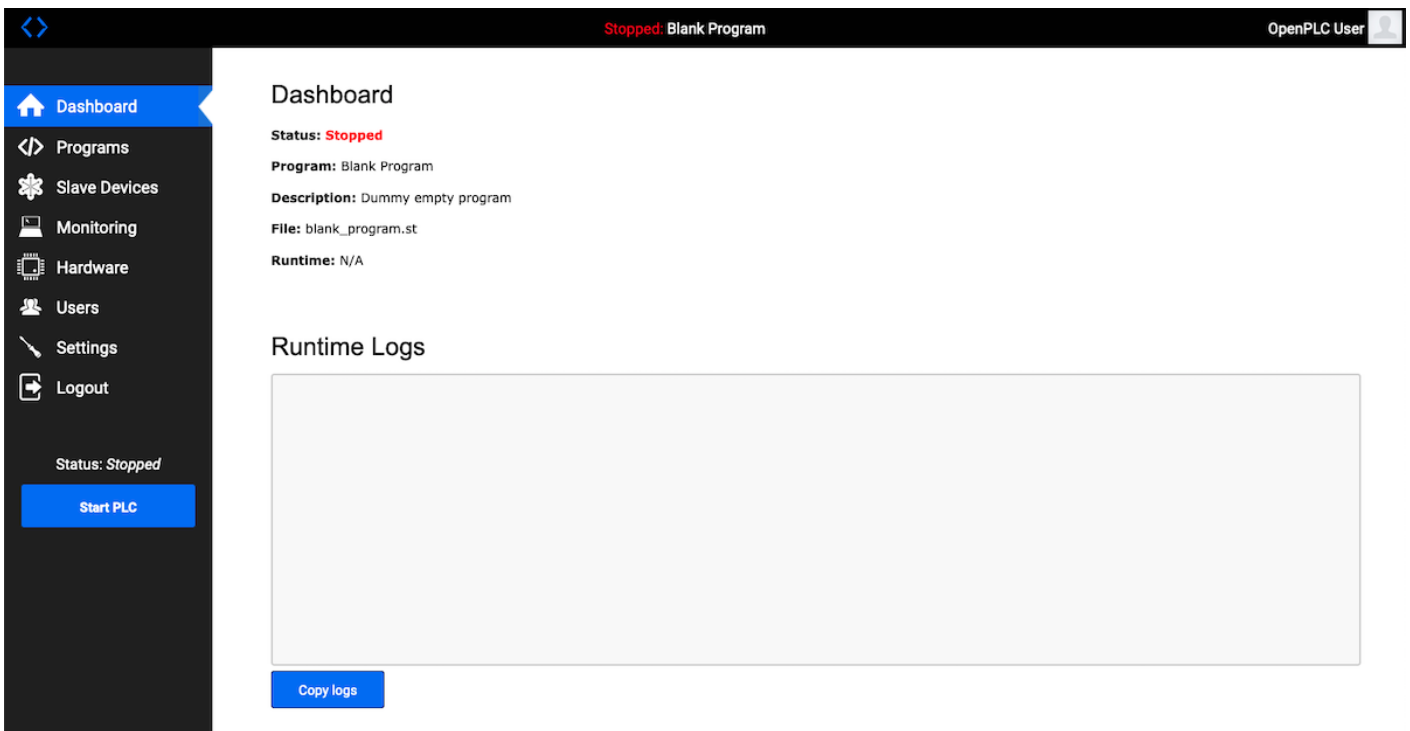
The login window will open. The default username and password is:

login: **openplc**

password: **openplc**



After logging in, we go to the home screen.



To learn how to use OpenPLC you can read on the site:

<https://openplcproject.github.io/>

Revision #3

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