

# Configuration Manual

## First start

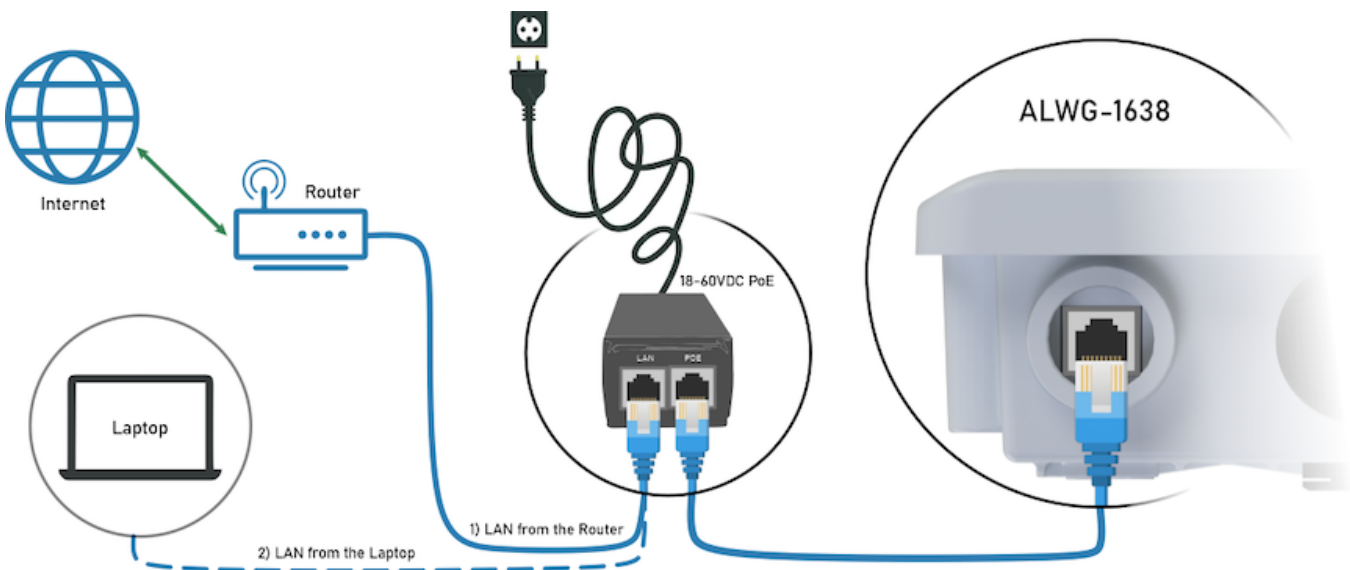
After unpacking, the gateway is in ready-to-use condition but requires a few configurations to adapt to the required functions.

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## Power Supply

Connect the gateway to the power supply as referenced in the below diagram, and use the standard input/output-rated power adapter as per safety guidance.

The Gateway is to be powered via isolated **PoE** in the range of **37-57V DC**.



The above connection diagram shows two ways to connect the gateway to the network and power supply.

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## Connect to the network

### DHCP

If the gateway is by default in DHCP mode proceed with method 1, which is to connect the gateway directly to your desired WAN network.

- Once connected as per the standard method you can find out the gateway IP of the gateway by using any IP scanner tool or using a command prompt by the "arp -a" command, to identify the gateway take reference to the Ethernet MAC ID.
- After getting the correct IP open any browser and enter the host IP there to access the web UI of the gateway.

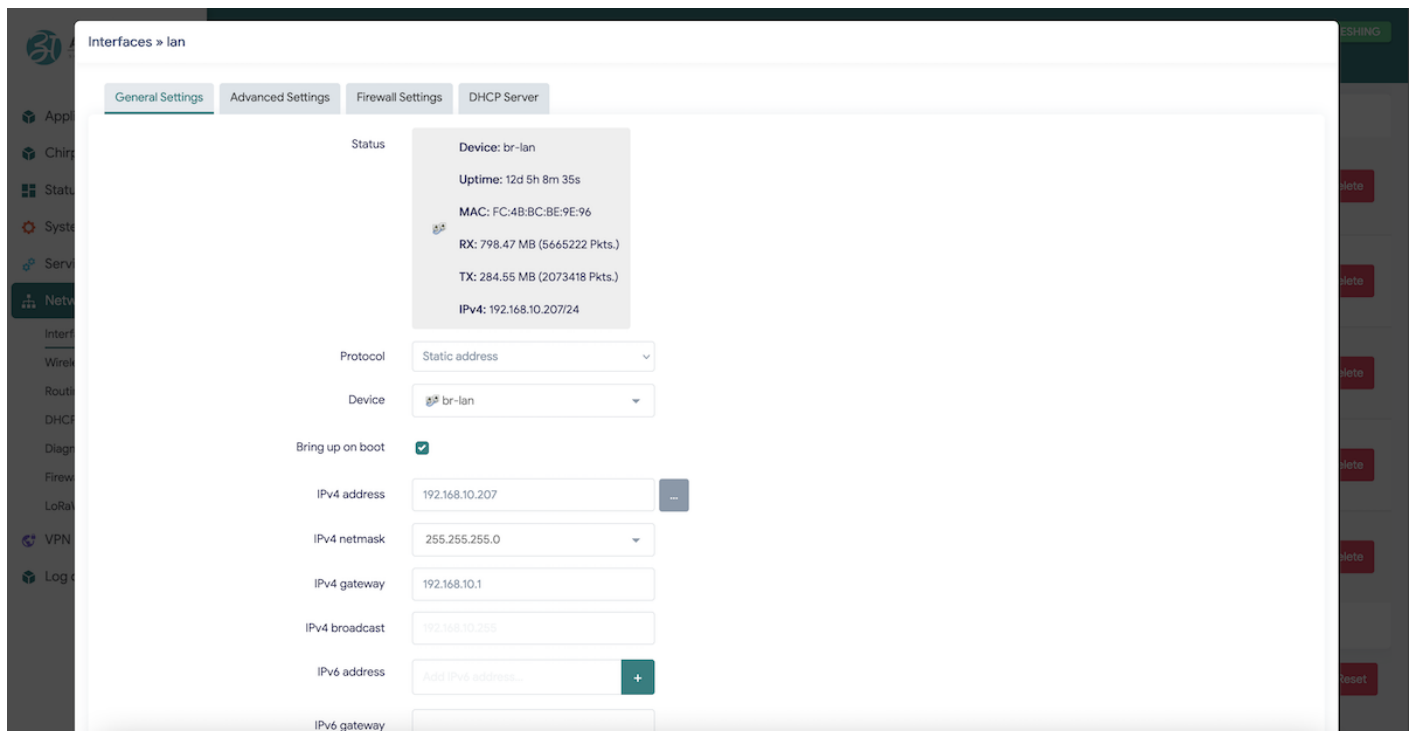
## Static IP

If the gateway is by default set to static IP, go for method 2 ... (Default)

- Connect the LAN cable to the laptop instead of the router and configure your Ethernet IPv4 settings as below, i.e 192.168.10.60
- After configuration open the browser and open the web UI using 192.168.10.60

IP assignment	Manual
IPv4 address:	192.168.10.100
IPv4 subnet prefix length	24
IPv4 gateway	192.168.10.60

Now, Go to **Network > interfaces** and switch IP protocol to "br-lan" to your desired settings.



You can configure gateway either in DHCP client mode or else go for Static IP (as shown above), Feed your desired IP in static mode.

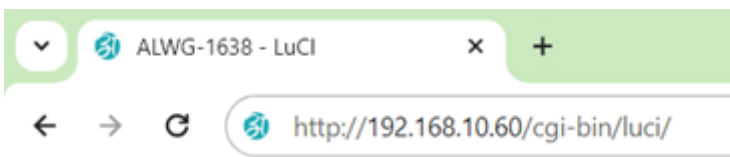
Once web UI access method is smoothly configured proceed to explore web UI configuration options after rebooting the gateway once.

# Open the LuCI web interface

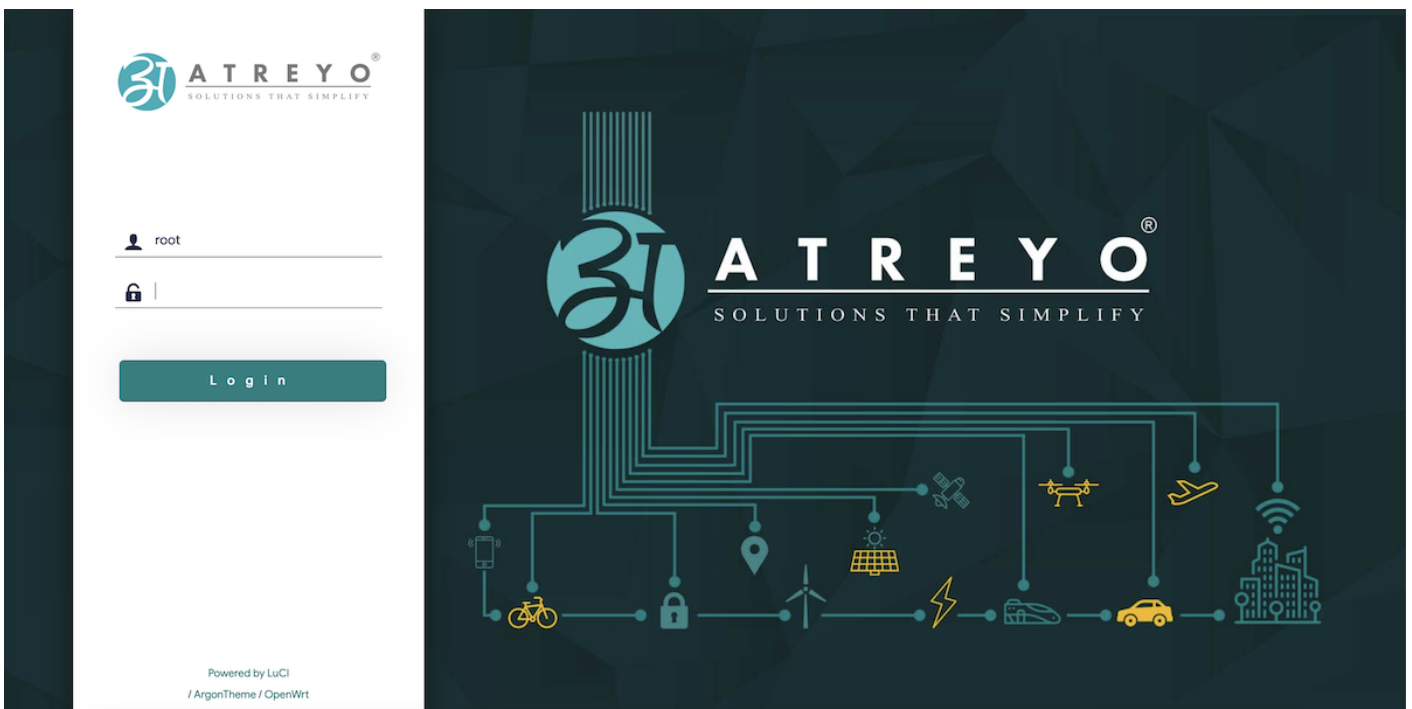
## Through Ethernet

To access the LuCI WebUI, connect the gateway by your convenient method to the local network and enter the assigned IP address in any web browser. Please note that it may take some time from powering on the gateway to booting up the system. When the green LED in the bottom right side socket starts flashing, after about 10-15 seconds the built-in website becomes available to access.

Enter the host IP address and you will find the URL look a like as shown in the below image.



Below image shows the login page of Gateway webUI.



Default credentials are user/pass: **root/root**

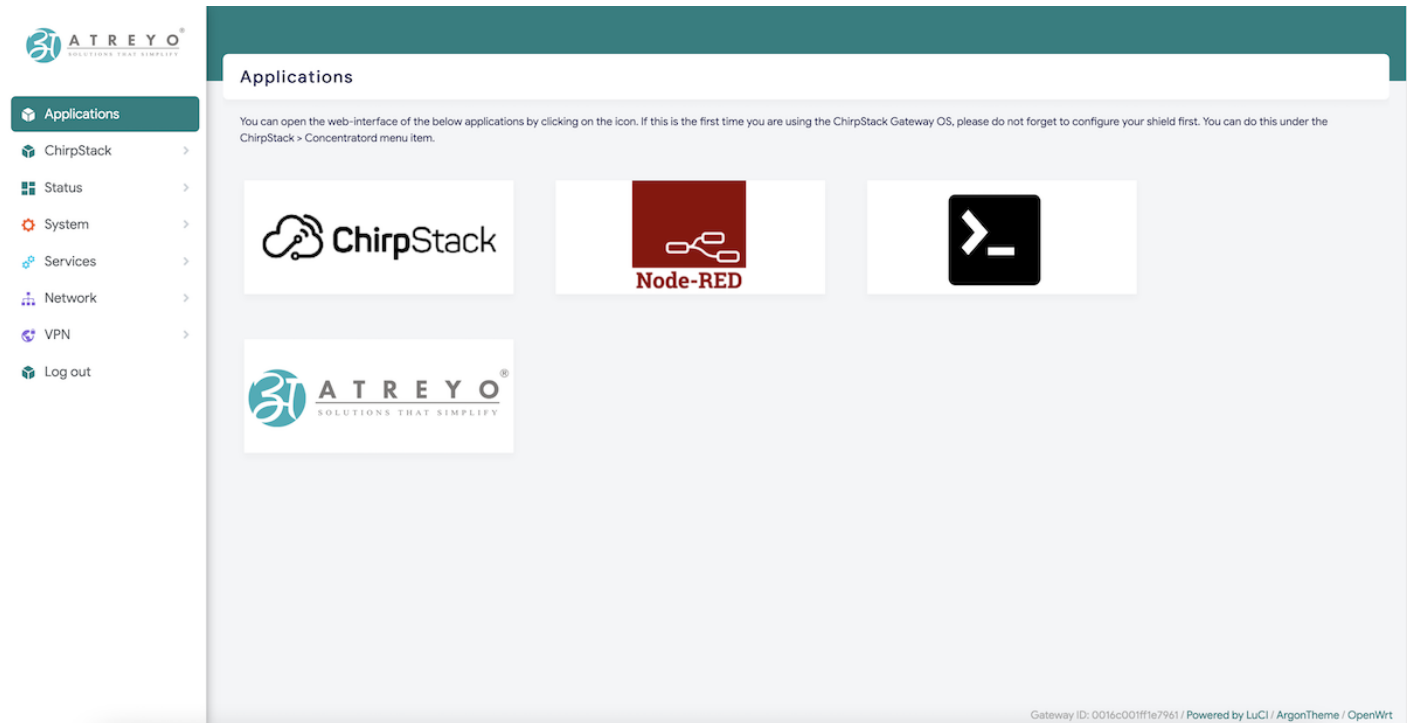
## Through the WiFi interface (if WiFi available)

By default, the gateway creates its hotspot, which is called "ALWG-1638". The network is unsecured. Connect to this network find out the host IP by the same method and enter the IP in the

address bar of your browser.

WiFi credentials : **ALWG-1638/atreyo12**

After logging in, you are automatically taken to the Application page:

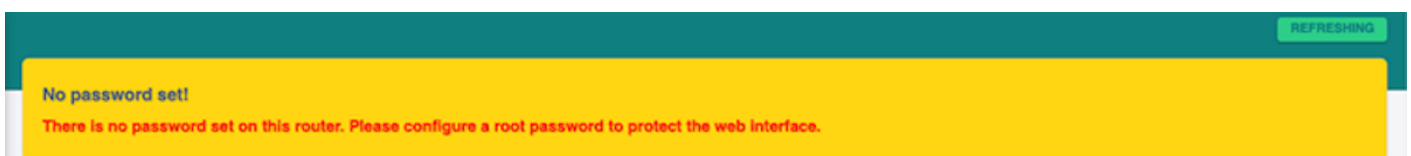


**Chirpstack LNS** and **NodeRED** and **Terminal** are pre-installed in the gateway.

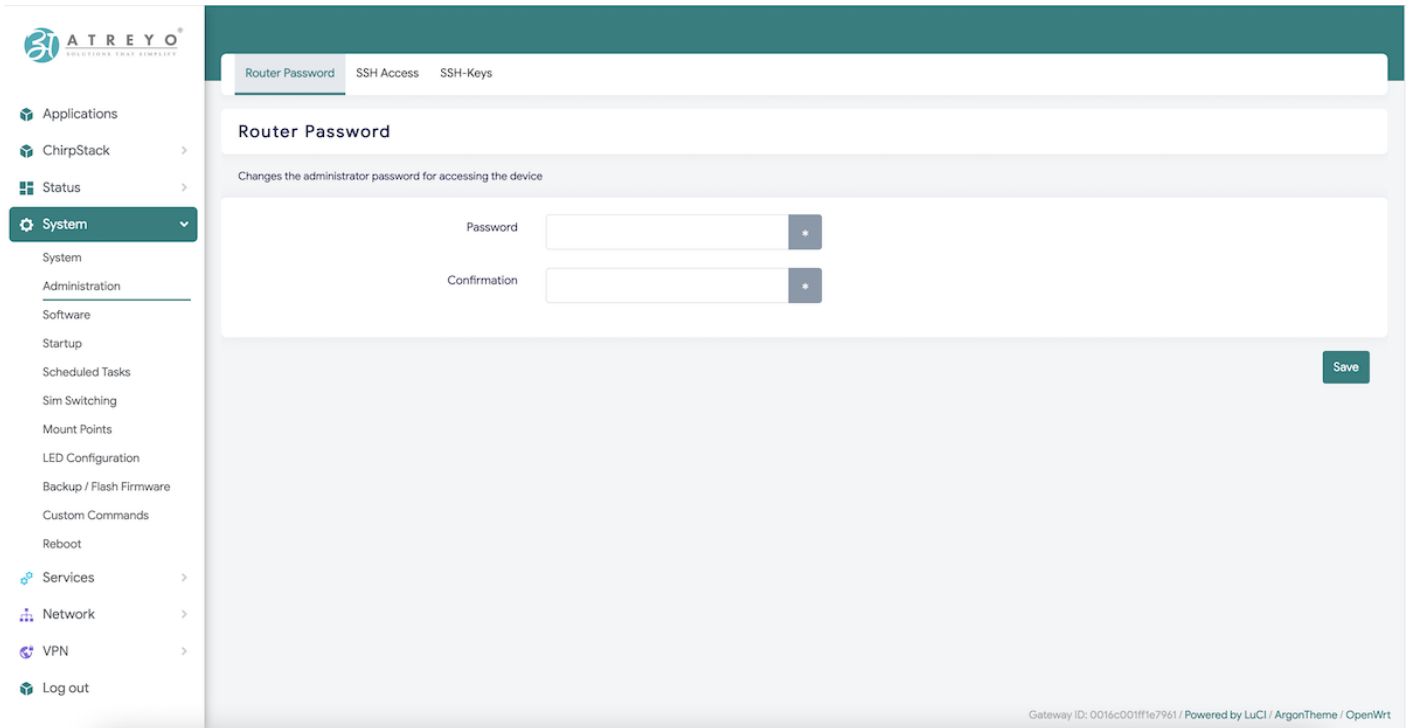
If you are using the ChirpStack Gateway OS first time, do not forget to configure your shield first.

- Click the button in the Application to open it (it will open in a new tab)
- Terminal (CLI) is also hosted, that can be opened from the same menu

If you have a pop-up at the top with a message that no password has been set, set/change it.



Set a password on the **System>Administration** page:



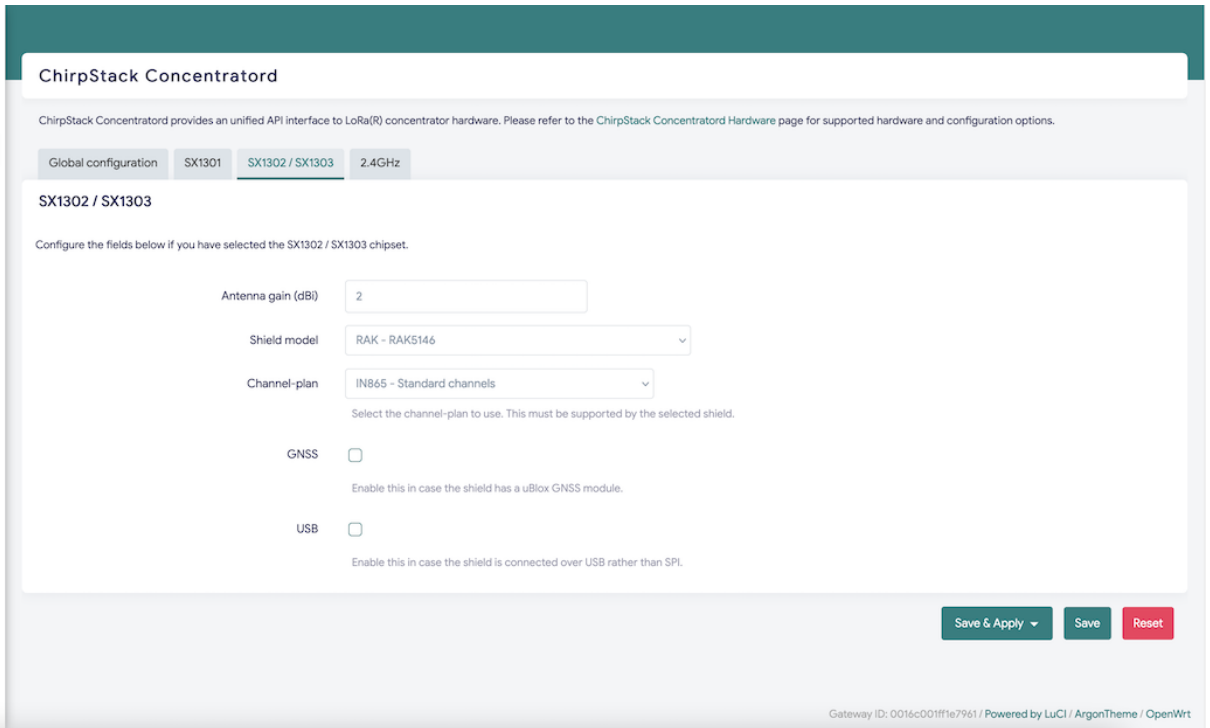
To maintain security, it is recommended to use long and complex passwords.

## Chirpstack concentrator

ChirpStack Concentrator provides a unified API interface to LoRa(R) concentrator hardware. Please refer to the ChirpStack Concentrator Hardware page for supported hardware and configuration options.

This gateway has pre-installed chirpstack gateway OS and it has Chirpstack concentrator installed in it.

Basically it is used to configure respective shield (LoRa Chip) used in gateway.



Antenna gain (dBi) , shield used in gateway, channel plan in which gateway should work ,etc, all these parameters can be configured in this section.

After shield setup gateway can be configured to in two different mode to send data 1) Chirpstack UDP forwarder and 2) Chirpstack MQTT forwarder.

## Chirpstack forwarder

Gateway has inbuilt functionality pre-installed for ChirpStack Concentrator, in which one can setup shield and it's operating region.

The gateway is supported with

- Chirpstack UDP forwarder
- Chirpstack MQTT forwarder

### Chirpstack UDP forwarder:

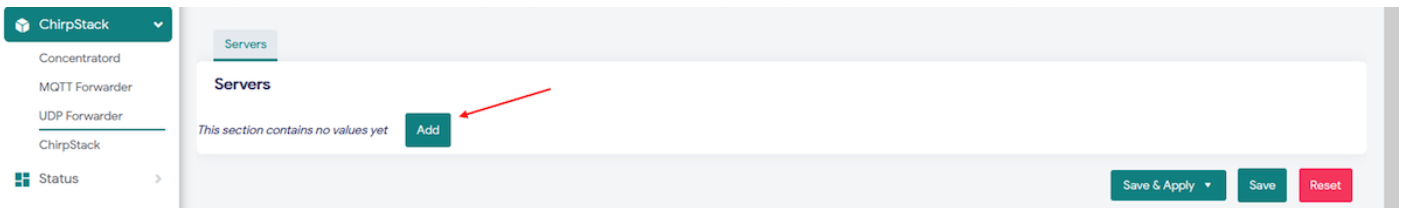
If your your LNS server is handling UDP Data then you need to configure LNS in UDP forwarder mode.

Follow below basic steps to send data to UDP forwarder.

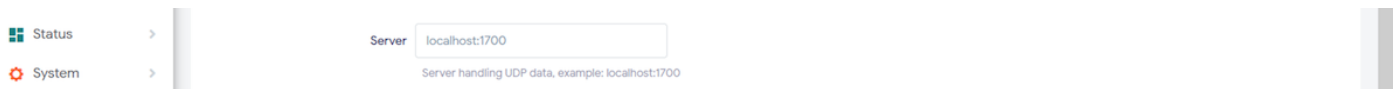
Open **Chirpstack > UDP forwarder**



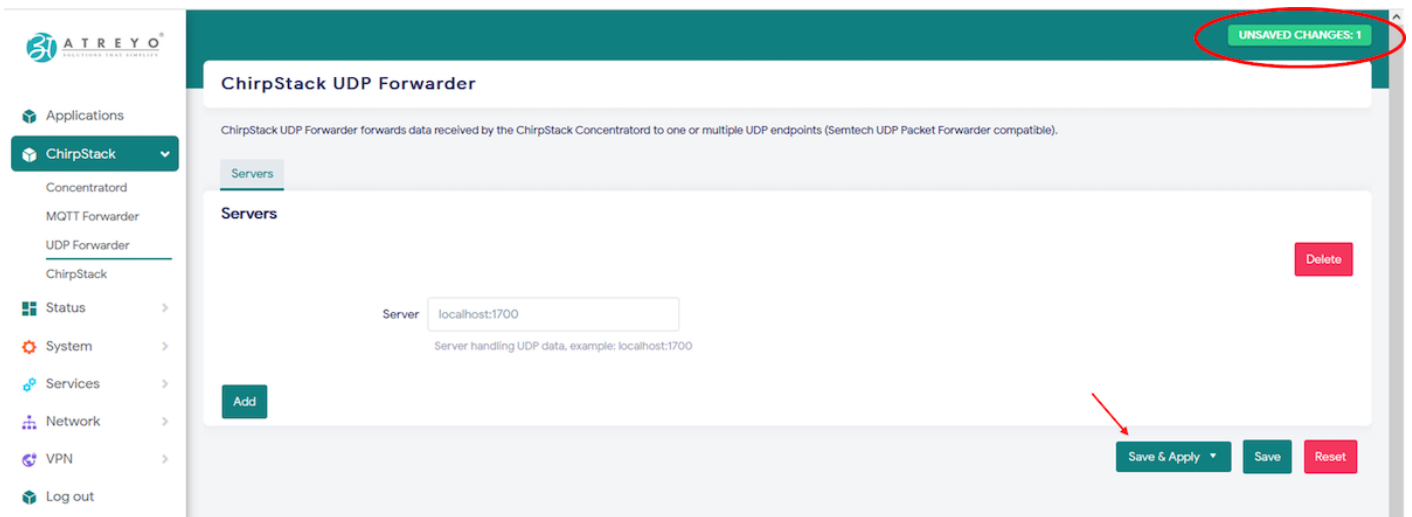
Add UDP server address along with port.

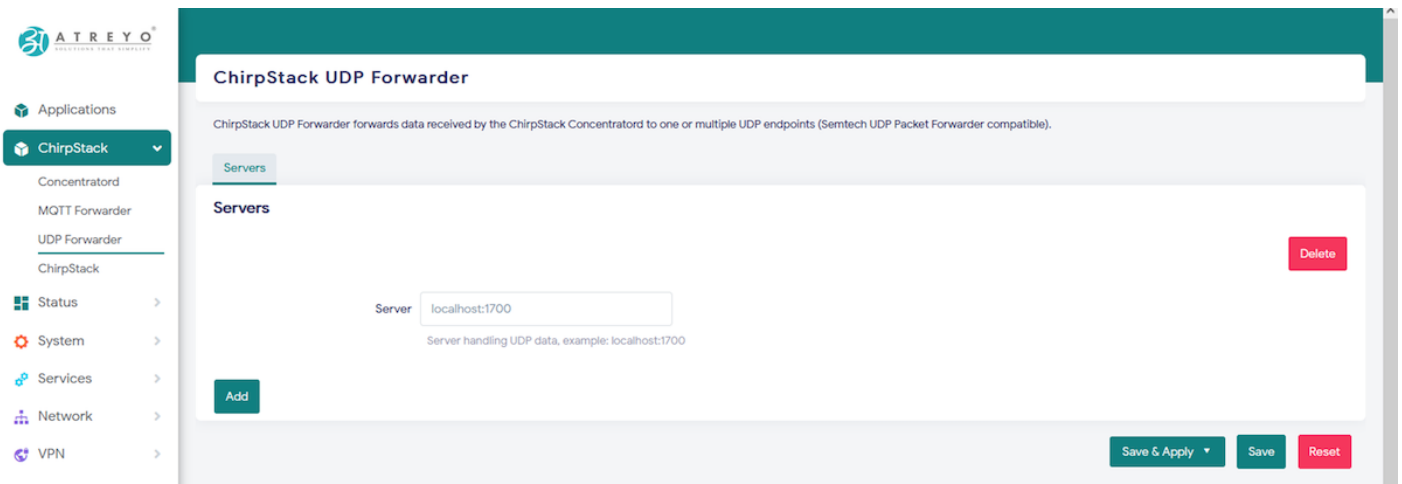


i.e.



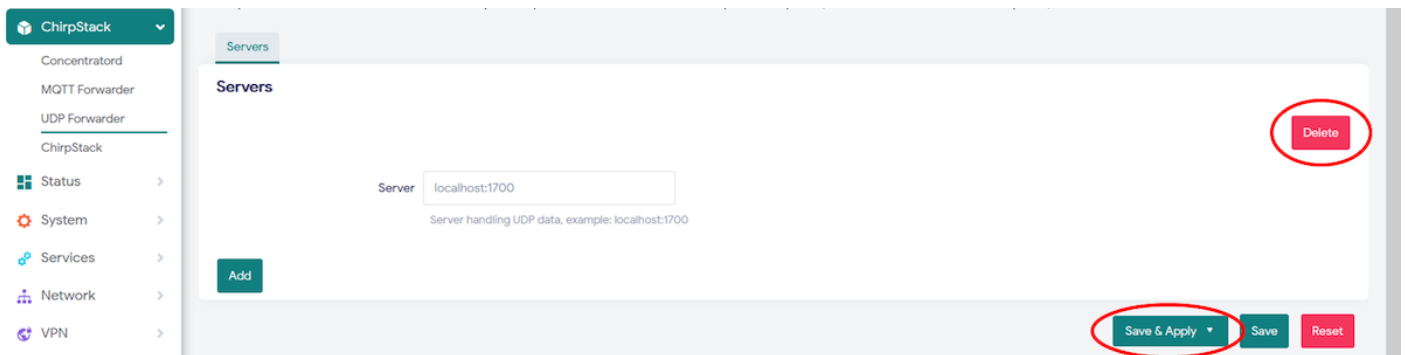
Save the configuration.





After adding LNS server you can see uplink forwarded to your UDP LNS server.

... in case need to delete UDP server, click the **Delete** button then **Save & Apply**

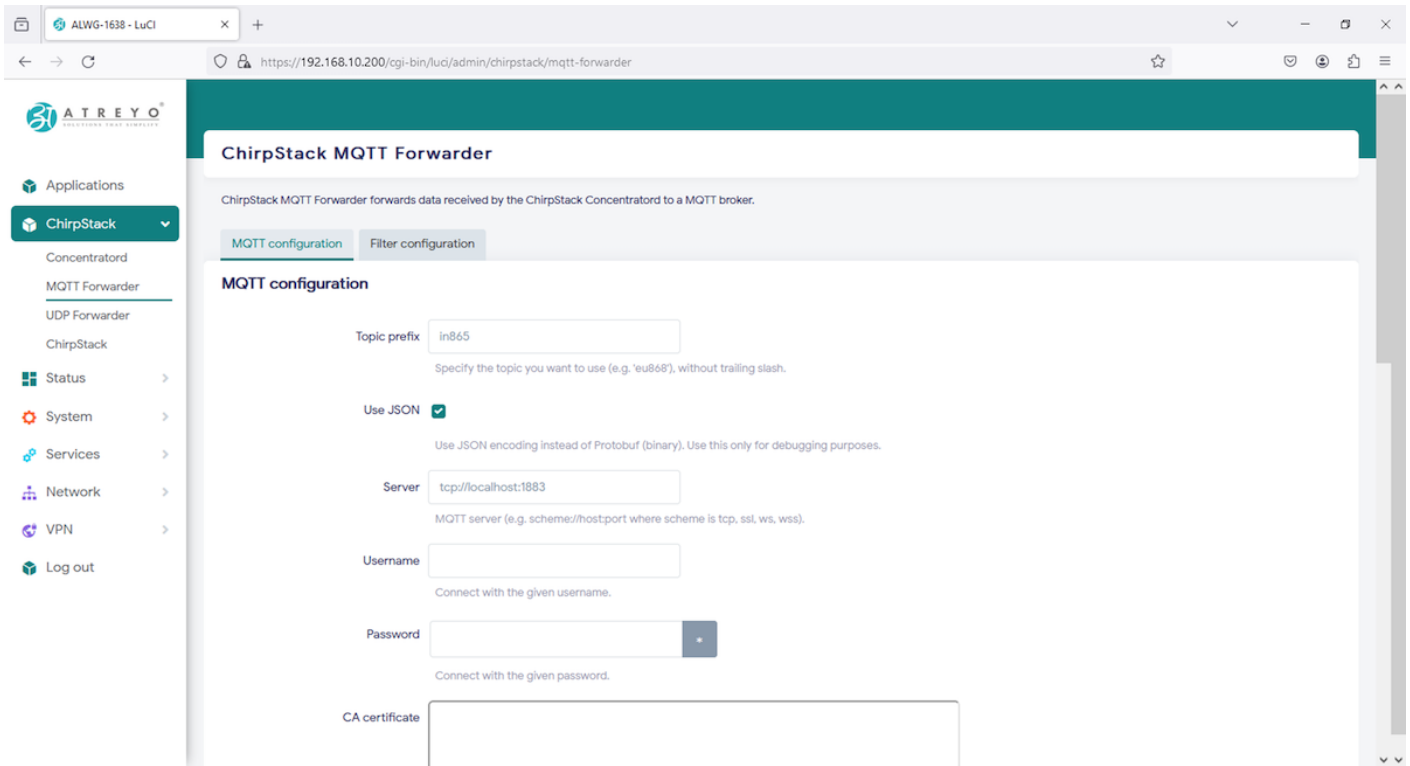


## Chirpstack MQTT forwarder

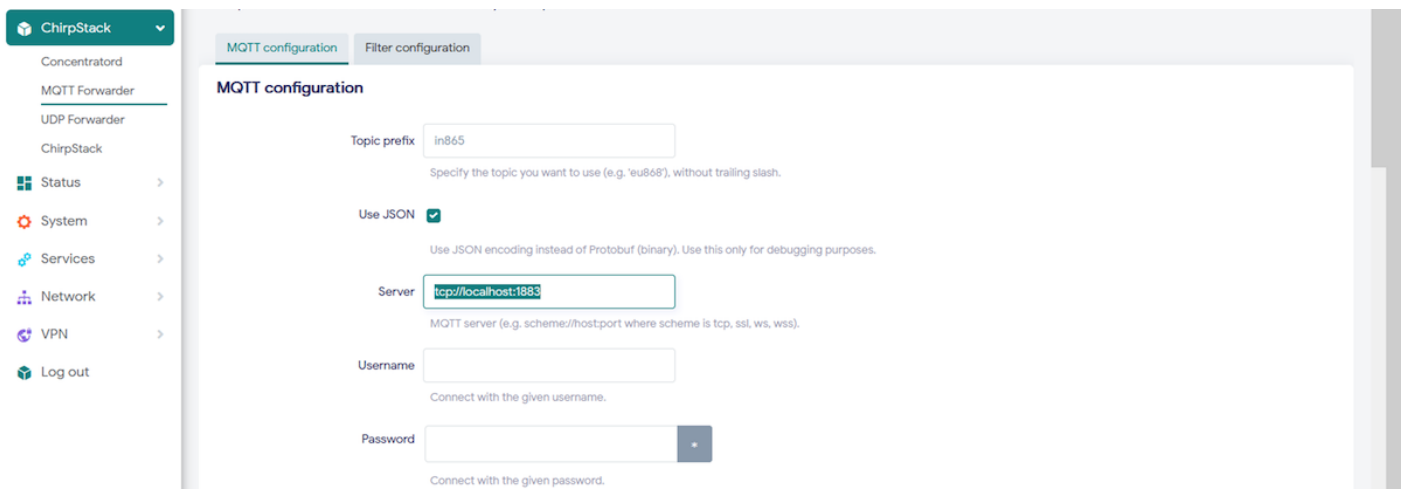
If your your LNS server is handling Data over MQTT then you need to configure LNS in MQTT forwarder mode.

Follow below basic steps to send data to MQTT forwarder.

Open **Chirpstack** > **MQTT** forwarder



Add MQTT server address along with port.



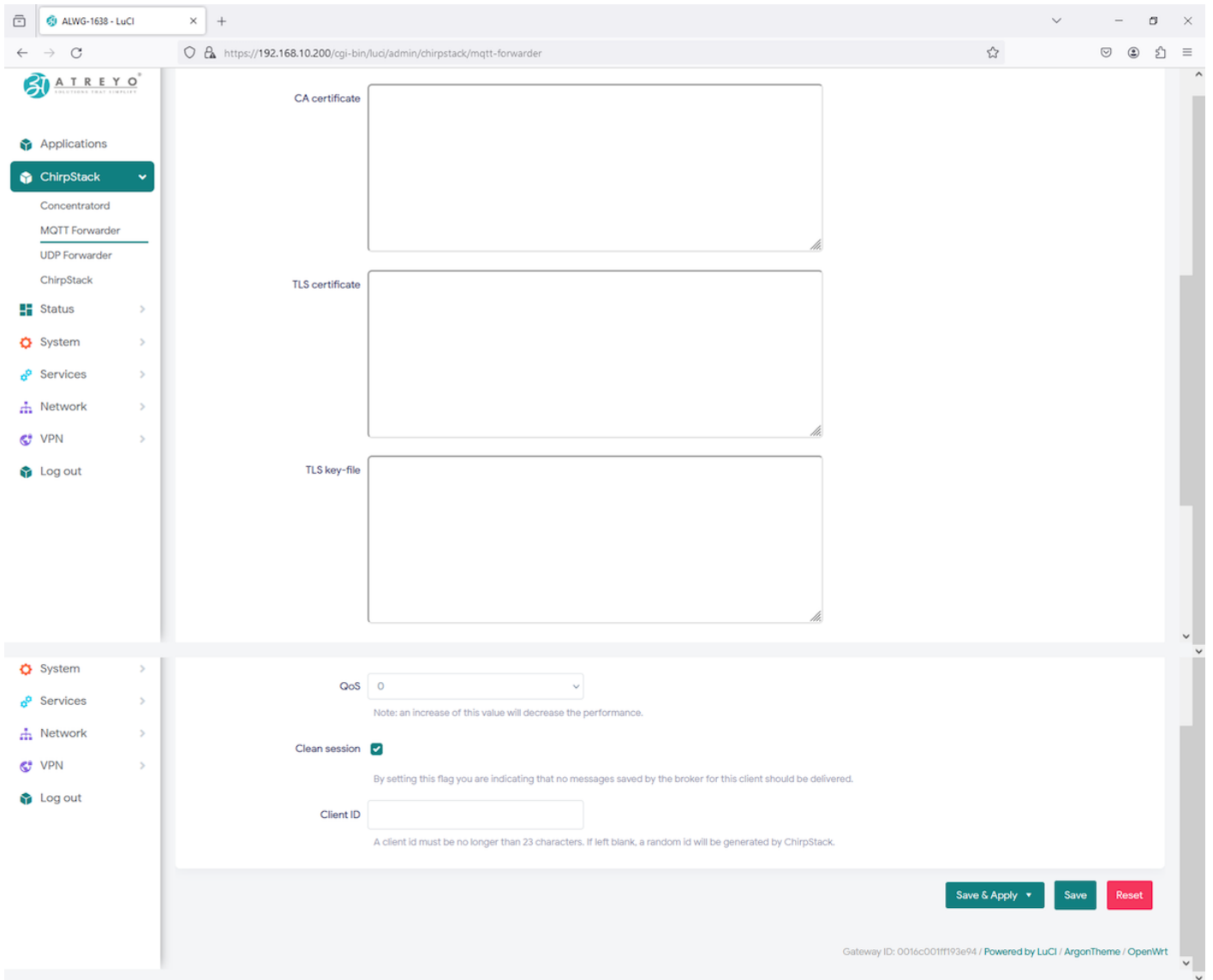
Topic prefix is by default from frequency , you can change it or keep as it is.

MQTT server is in this format --> e.g. scheme://host:port where scheme is tcp, ssl, ws, wss, so add your address accordingly (ignor address in picture)

You can provide user, password to connect if you MQTT server is defined in that way.

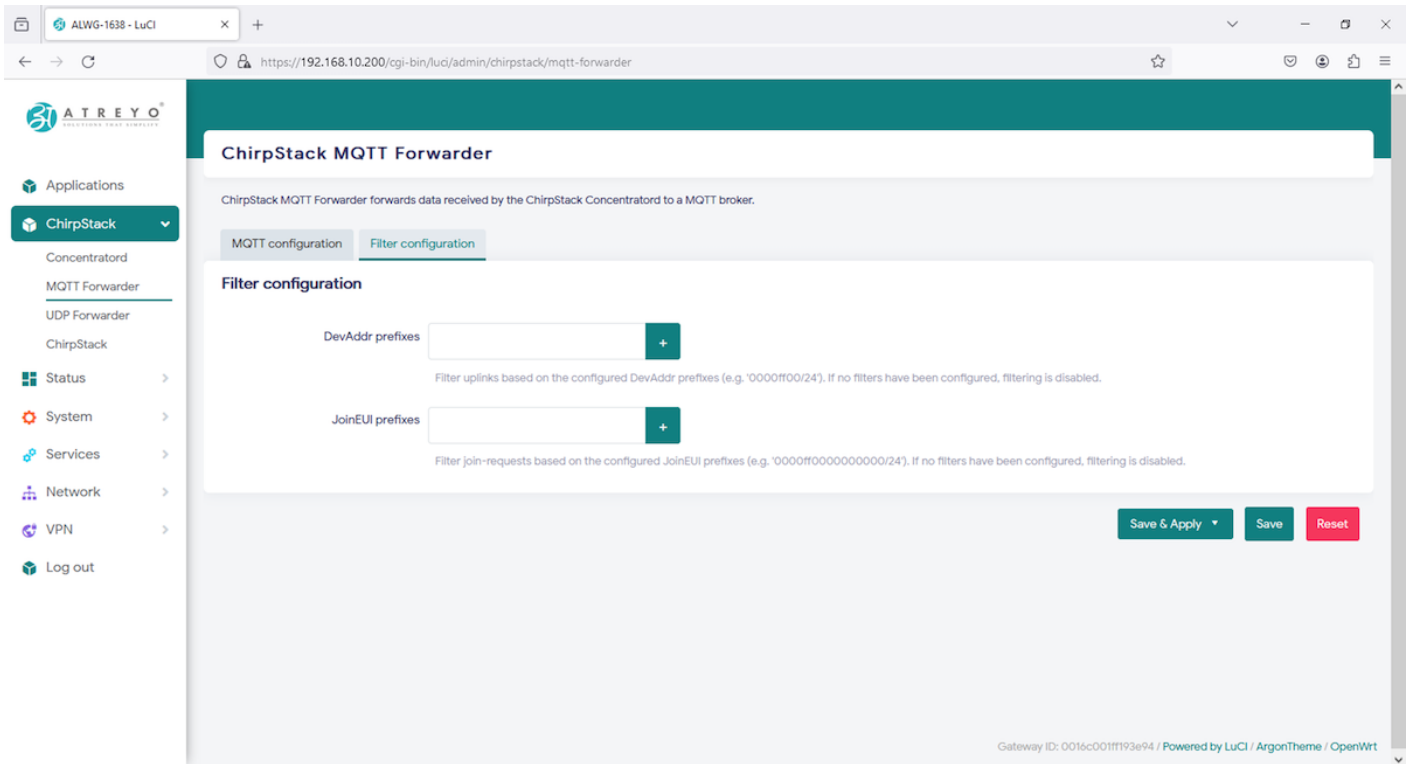
See how to configure gateway to send uplink/data to internal chirpstack LNS

Moreover you can add CA certificate, TLS certificate, and TLS key-file if needed.(copy paste the file contains, neither path to write or nor file you need to drag here).



After adding configuration **Save & Apply**.

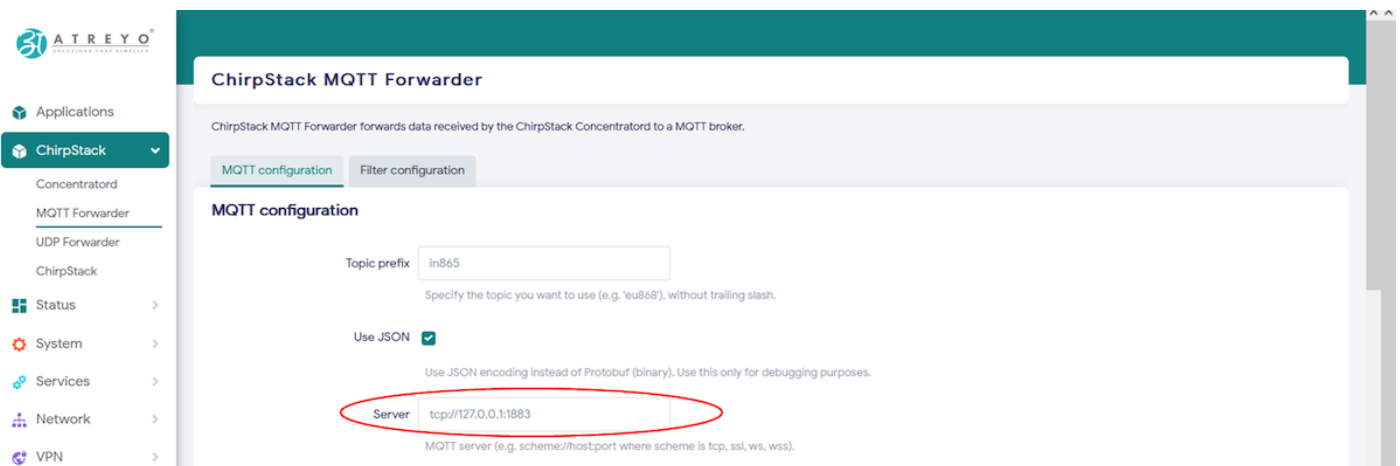
Uplink and Join-requests can be filtered based on the configured DevAddr prefixes and JoinEUI prefixes.



Once all configuration done, you can move to LNS server for further integration over cloud.

## Chirpstack LNS

Refer **Chirpstack MQTT forwarder** in Chirpstack forwarder for basic idea to configure MQTT forwarder, When you open **Chirpstack > MQTT** forwarder add internal LNS server:port in Server and Save.



Read [chirpstack documentation](#) for MQTT forwarder, where MQTT **server="tcp://127.0.0.1:1883"** for connecting gateway to internal chirpstack LNS.

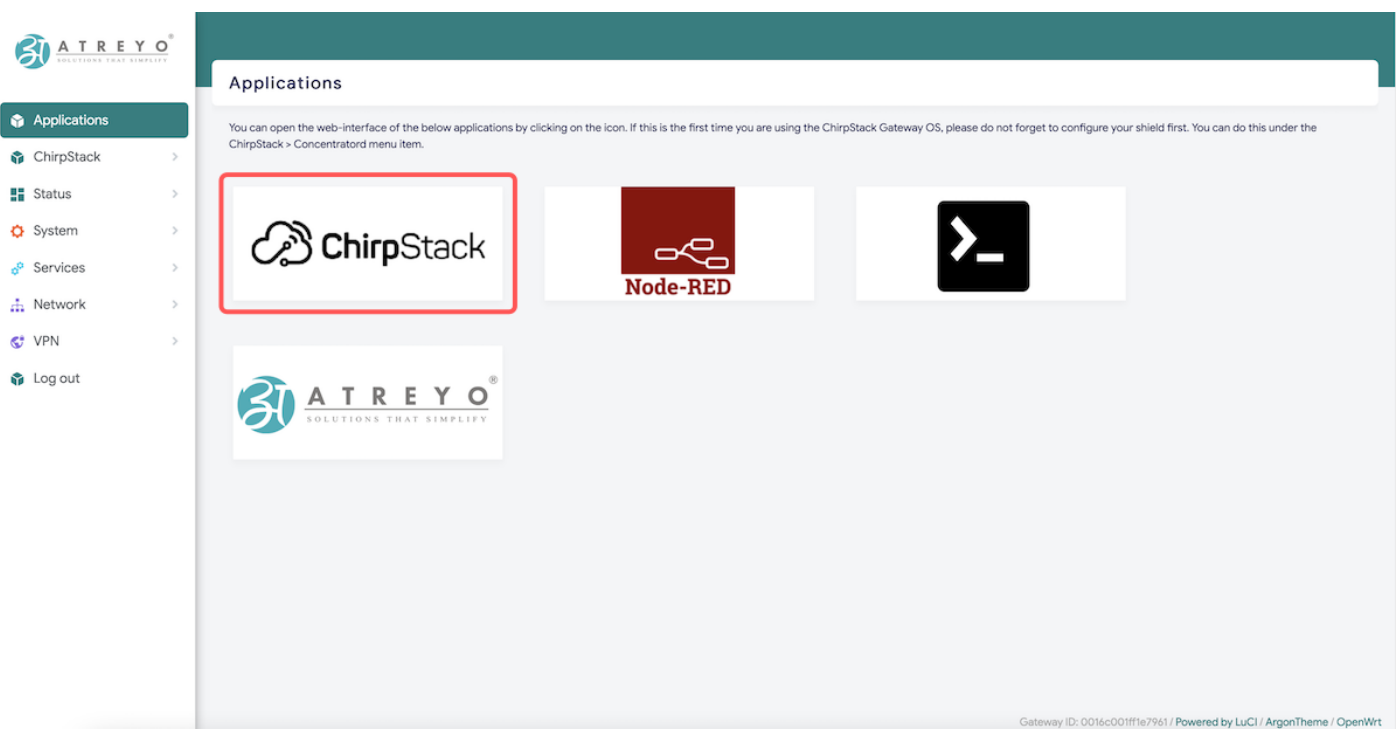
After adding server and saved it, gateway backend system will reset concentrator module to apply new configuration, System Log feature can have this information as shown below.

```
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring reset pin, dev: /dev/gpio-chip0, pin: 17
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Starting Concentrator SX1302 (version: 4.3.1, docs: https://www.chirpstack.io/docs/chirpstack-concentrator/)
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: 4.3.1 Atreyo mode - triggering sx1302 reset on P1_07
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Setting I2C device path, path: /dev/i2c-1
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Setting board configuration, lorawan_public: true, clock_source: 0, com_type: Spi, com_path: /dev/spidev0.0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Setting up fine timestamp, enable: false
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Setting up concentrator channels
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring radio, radio: 0, enabled: true, center_freq: 865462500, type: SX1250
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring radio, radio: 1, enabled: true, center_freq: 866385000, type: SX1250
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Setting up concentrator channels
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 0, enabled: true, freq: 865062500, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: -400000
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 1, enabled: true, freq: 865402500, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: -400000
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 2, enabled: true, freq: 865985000, rf_chain: 1, if_freq: -400000
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 3, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 4, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 5, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 6, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring multi-SF LoRa channel, channel: 7, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring Std LoRa channel, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Configuring FSK channel, enabled: false, freq: 0, rf_chain: 0, if_freq: 0
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-concentrator@-sx1302[5258]: Starting the concentrator
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-mqtt-forwarder[5317]: Starting ChirpStack MQTT Forwarder (version: 4.1.3, docs: https://www.chirpstack.io)
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-mqtt-forwarder[5317]: Setting up ChirpStack Concentrator backend
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-mqtt-forwarder[5317]: Setting up ChirpStack Concentrator backend
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-mqtt-forwarder[5317]: Connecting to Concentrator event API, event_url: ipc:///tmp/concentrator_event
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-mqtt-forwarder[5317]: Connecting to Concentrator command API, command_url: ipc:///tmp/concentrator_command
Mon Apr 1 18:14:39 2024 user.info chirpstack-mqtt-forwarder[5317]: Reading gateway id
```

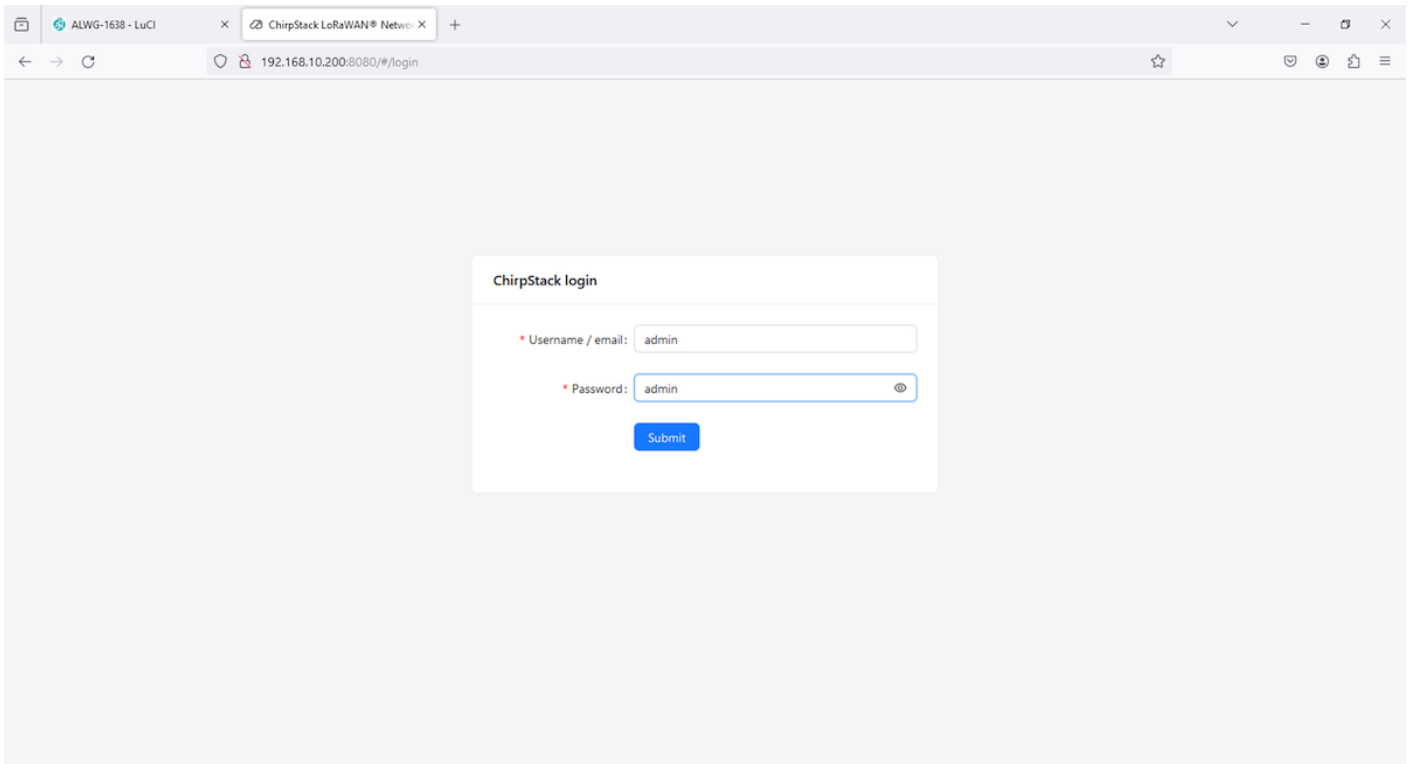
Once it has been reset/restarted successfully, it will start functioning normally.

Gateway configuration is all set to move ahead into LNS configuration.

As like NodeRED, Chirpstack LNS is pre-installed in system as well as can be opened from same Application menu by clicking the icon or "**<gateway\_IP>:8080**".

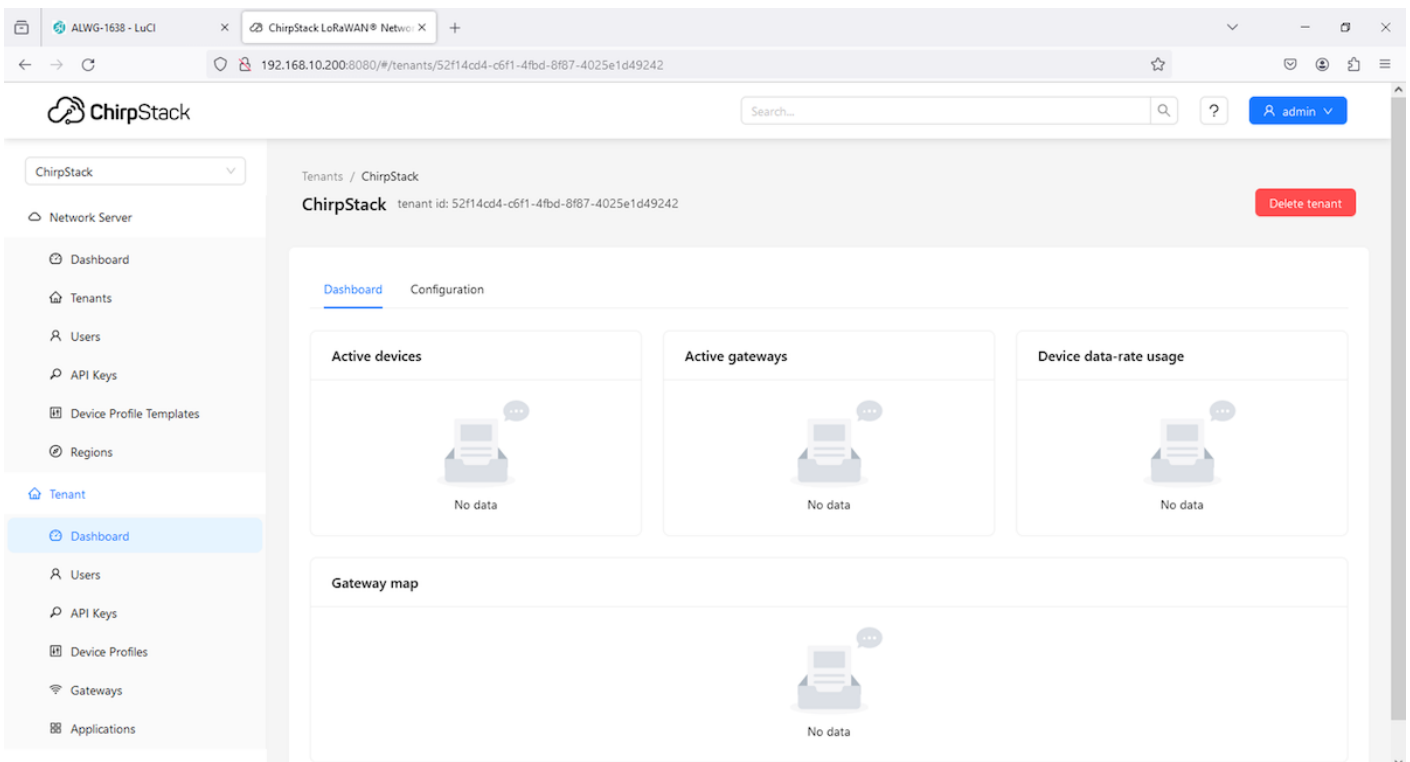


Chirpstack will ask credential to login into chirpstack console.



**Credentials : user/pass --> admin/admin** , Make sure to change it later for security purpose.

After login you will be redirected to Dashboard, where you can see gateway and end devices online/offline status, device dat-rate usage as well as Gateway Map.



in above data there in No Data, as no Gateways/Devices has been added.

# Cellular modem

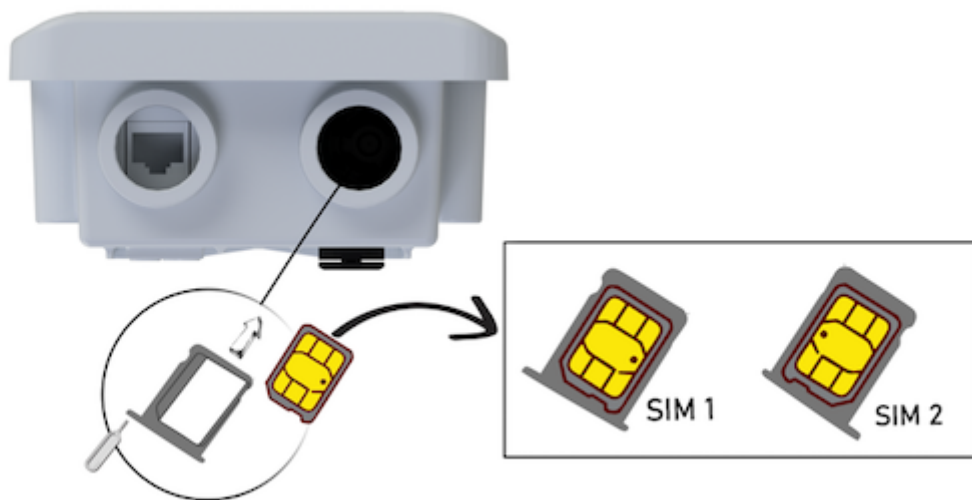
## Modem

The Gateway in its basic configuration is equipped with an LTE modem that also supports GPRS and SMS functions. Different modems were used depending on the model variant. Here is a table of models.

## SIM card

The Gateway supports two microSIM cards, both 1.8V and 3V. The card connector is a push-pull type. When installing the SIM card, pay attention to the correct insertion of the card, and it's direction.

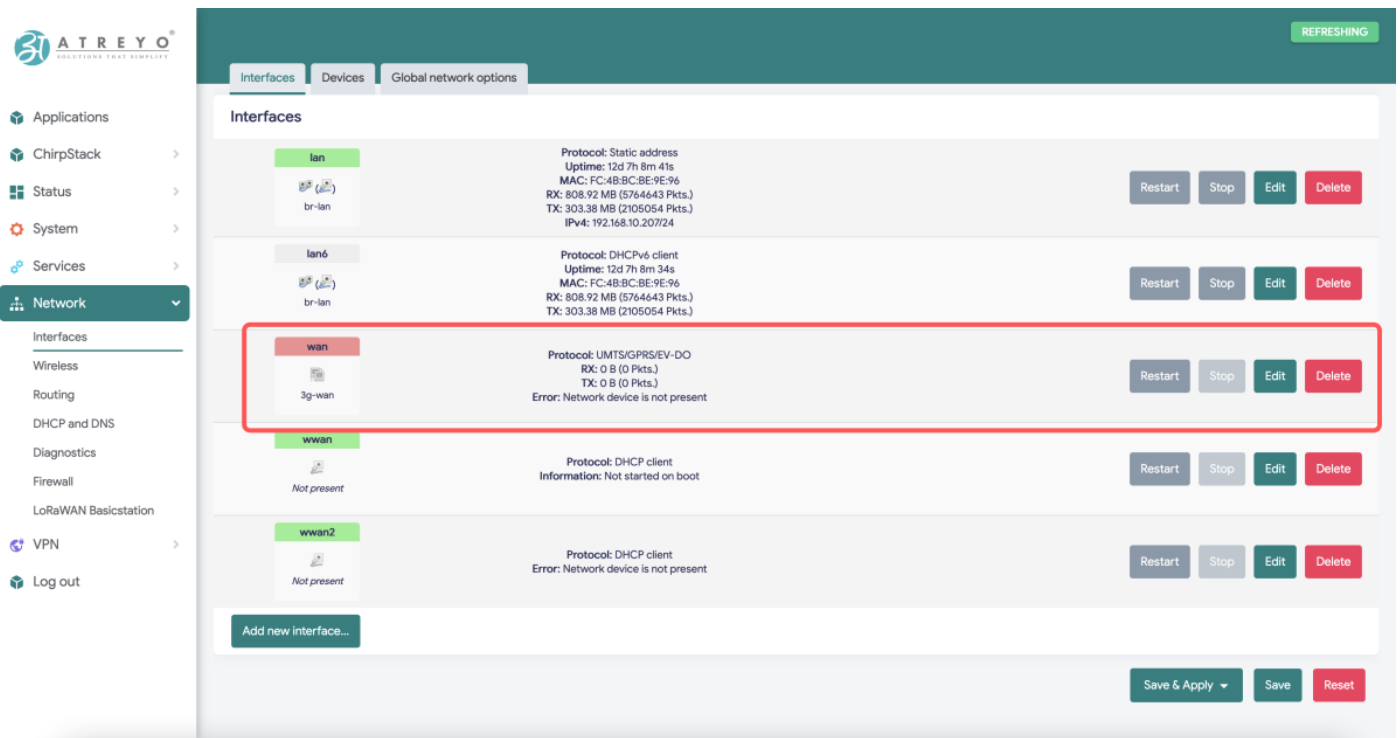
Refer to the below image for the SIM insertion guide.



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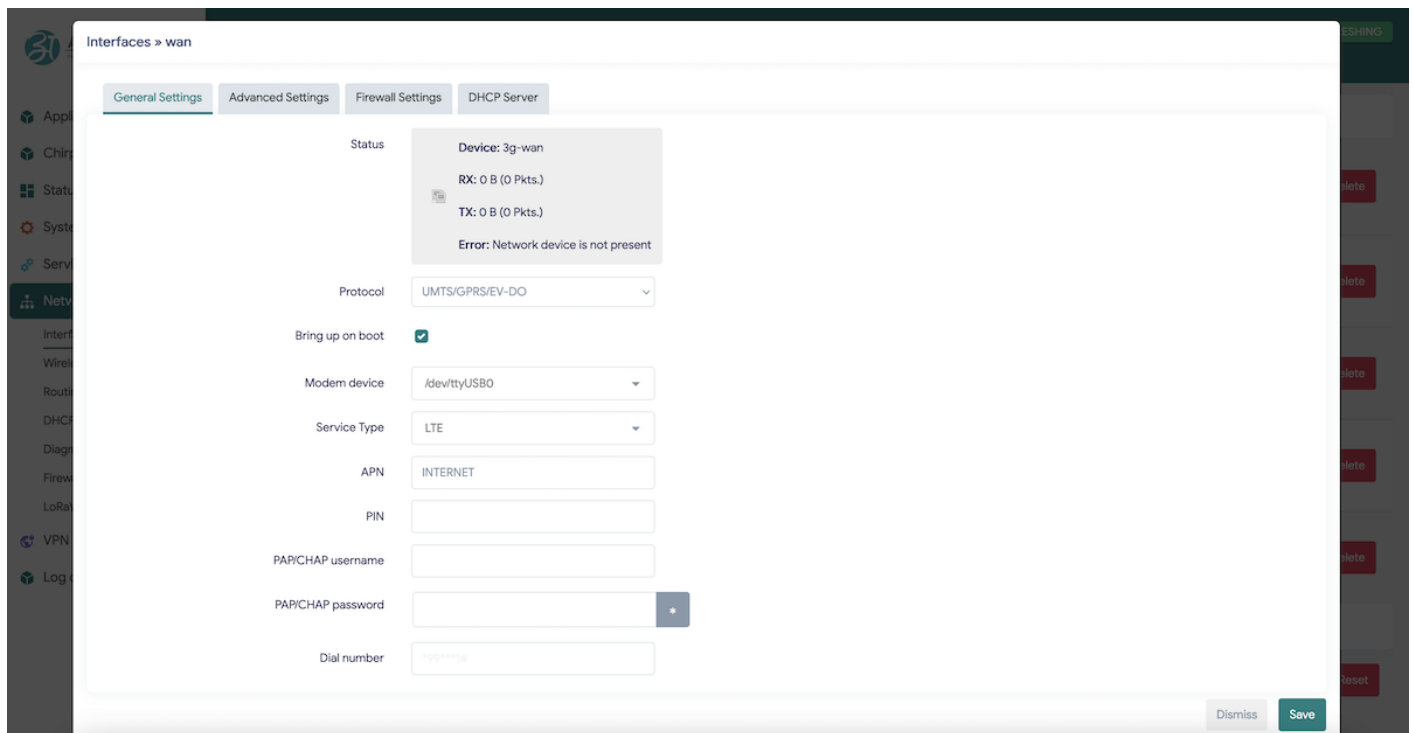
## Activate Cellular Network

To activate the LTE modem, go to **Network > Interfaces** and select the **3g-wan** tab there.



The interface is pre-configured but you might need to provide/change the network operator's APN, sometimes it also requires a username and password. Enter the required data and save.

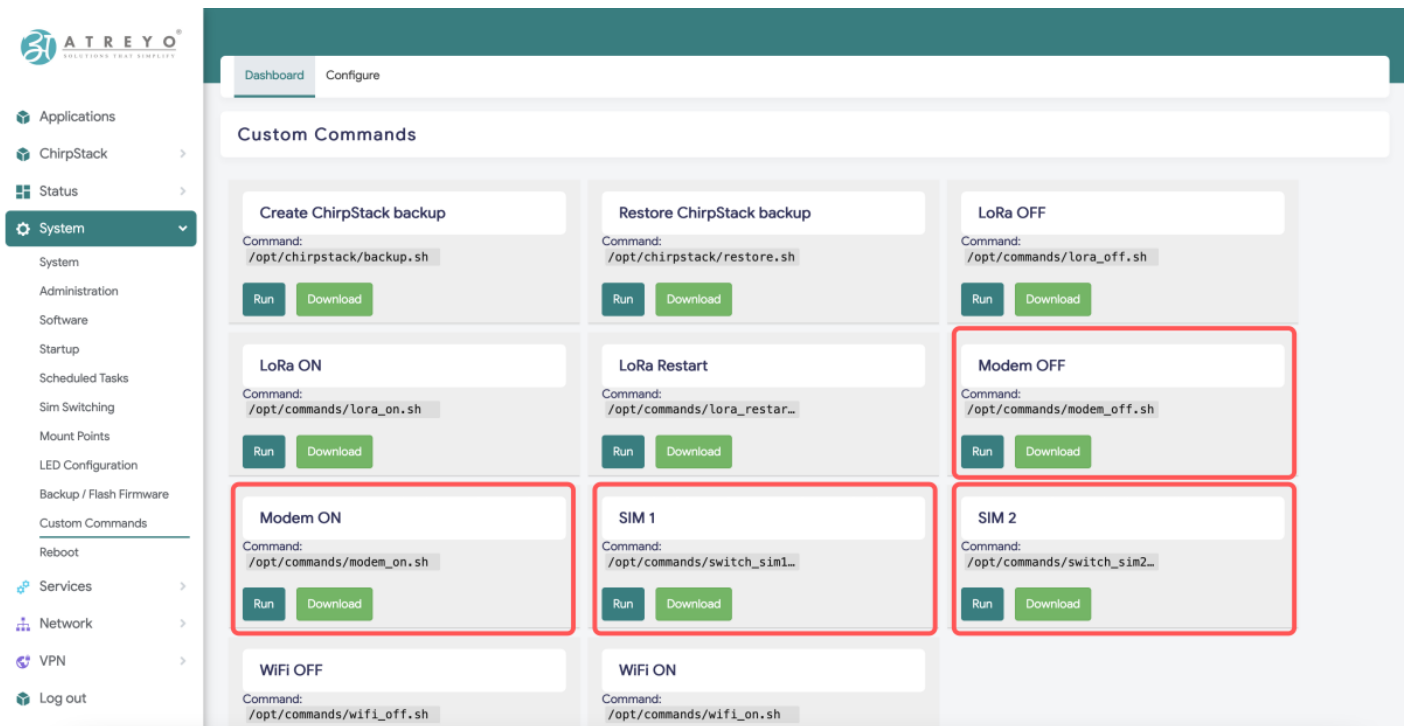
Click the Edit button and enter APN.



Then go to **System > Custom Commands**.

Here you will find below highlighted 4 scripts that are related to cellular modems.

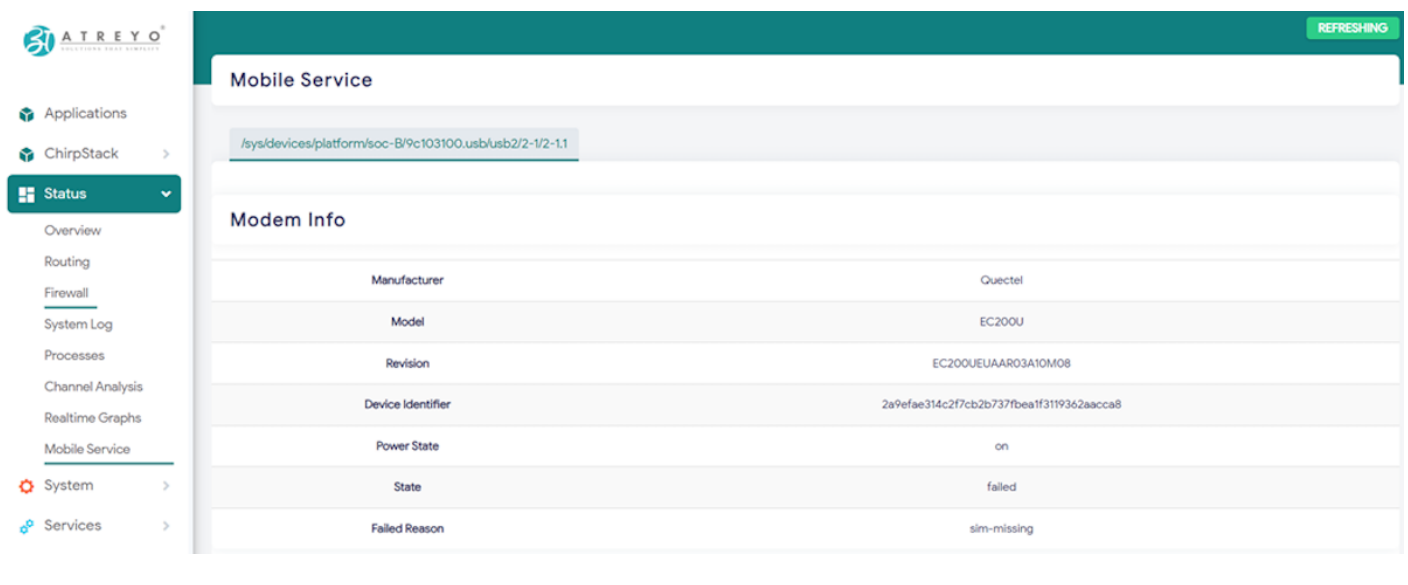
- Modem ON - To give power to the cellular modem to use it.
- Modem OFF - To power down the cellular modem.
- SIM 1 - By default SIM 1 will be operated, still by this script SIM 1 can be operated.
- SIM 2 - To switch to SIM 2.



Once the script is successful you will get a pop-up at top right corner (Ref image below).



The modem will start up and connect to the Internet. To check if it is working properly and what the signal is, go to **Status > Mobile Service**.

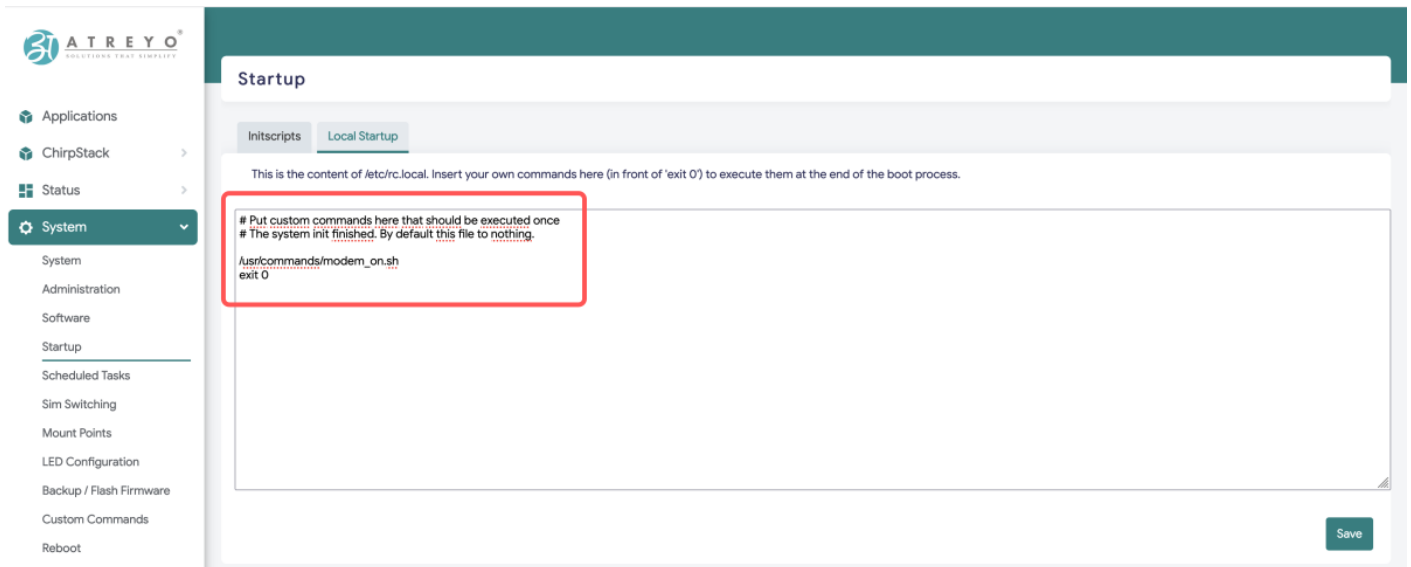


# Cellular modem power ON at boot

To make the gateway automatically connect to the GSM Internet after startup, you need to add a modem startup in the System > Startup section under Local Startup, and add script path before 'exit 0'.

```
/usr/commands/modem_on.sh
```

Then save the changes.

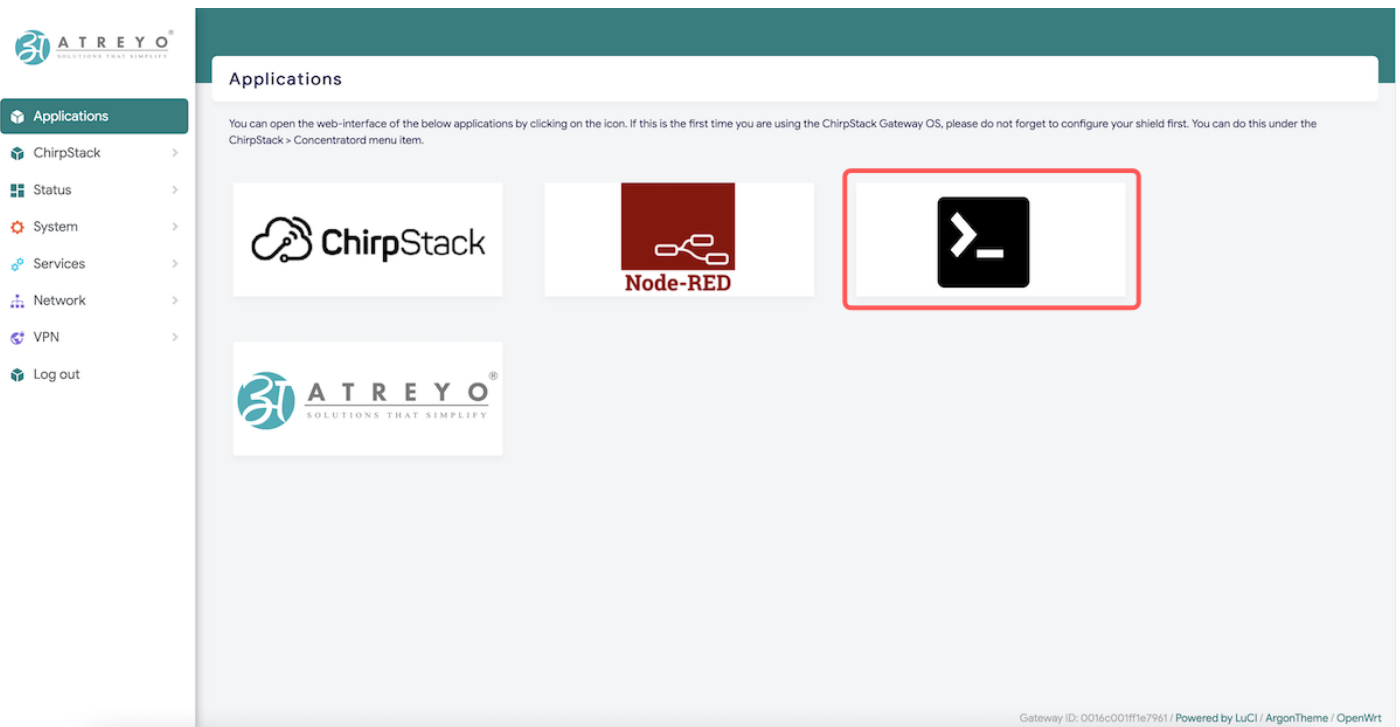


After each reboot, the gateway will automatically start the modem and connect to the GSM network.

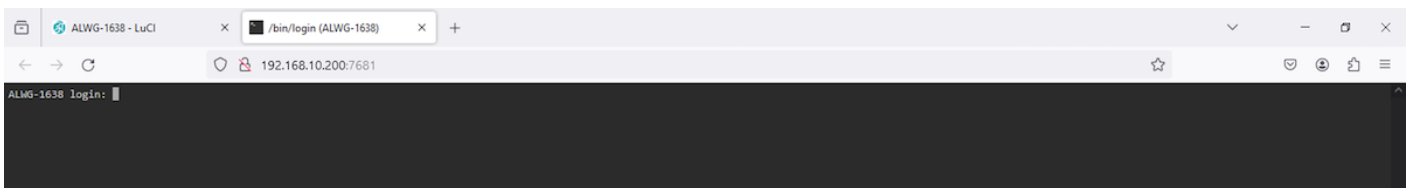
# Terminal

Few Gateway configuration need to be done using CLI or some backend files need to be edited or for any CLI based operation we need terminal, Hence same as NodeRED you can click on Terminal icon and it will open terminal in new tab or you can directly open in browser by "

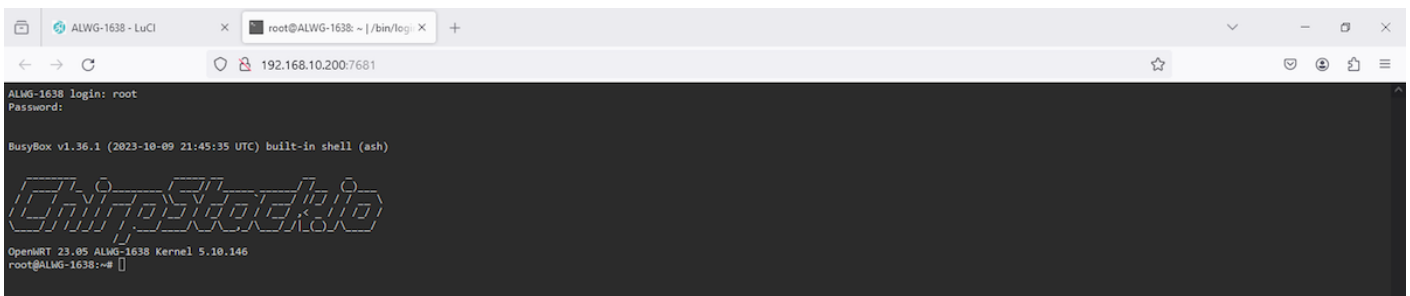
**<gateway\_IP>:7681"**



After clicking icon terminal will open in new tab and ask for user/password , it's same as gateway login.



Credentials --> user/pass : **root/root**



Now CLI utility can be used for any specific purpose.

